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METHazardEnrouteObservation Service

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Abstract

The METHazardEnrouteObservation service defines an information service for information exchanges for Observations of significant weather phenomena. The service is realised in the publish/subscribe message exchange pattern and to this end defines subscribe, unsubscribe and publish operations. The subscription mechanism additionally allows for fine-grained filtering.

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This deliverable consists of SJU foreground.

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Executive summary

The METHazardEnrouteObservation service addresses the delivery of information on observed significant weather phenomena for air traffic. Interested consumers can subscribe to the service and will then receive publication messages when their subscribed to information changes.

The subscription mechanism implements a filter, consumers can detail the information they want to receive updates on. In particular, it is possible to filter by airspace and by weather condition. Consumers also have the same level of control for unsubscribing.



1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of the document

This document intends to provide an overview of the described Service and its components complementary to the formal Service description as modelled in the ISRM. The service will be part of the Service Portfolio where all services available and planned to be available are presented at a high level.

Additionally this document supports the configuration management process by providing well-defined baselines.

1.2 Intended readership

This service description is intended to be read by Enterprise Architects, Service Architects, Information Architects, System Engineers and Developers in pursuing architecting, design and development activities.

1.3 Inputs from other projects

Step 1 OSED by P07.06.01 [11] and the INTEROP developed by P11.02.01 [10].

1.4 Glossary of terms

N/A

1.5 Acronyms and Terminology

1.5.1 Acronyms

Term	Definition		
ADD	Architecture Description Document		
АТМ	Air Traffic Management		
СС	Capability Configuration		
EATMA	European Air Traffic Management Architecture		
E-ATMS	European Air Traffic Management System		
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration		
IER	Information Exchange Requirement		
ISRM	Information Service Reference Model		
MG	ISRM Modelling Guidelines		
NAF	NATO Architecture Framework		
NSOV	NATO Service Oriented View		



Term	Definition	
NOV	NATO Operational View	
NSV	NATO System View	
OSED	Operational Service and Environment Definition	
QoS	Quality of Service	
SDD	Service Description Document	
SESAR	Single European Sky ATM Research Programme	
SESAR Programme	The programme which defines the Research and Development activities and Projects for the SJU.	
SJU	SESAR Joint Undertaking (Agency of the European Commission)	
SJU Work Programme	The programme which addresses all activities of the SESAR Join Undertaking Agency.	
SoaML	Service Oriented Architecture Modelling Language	
SWIM	System Wide Information Management	
UML	Unified Modelling Language	
V&V	Validation and Verification	
WSDL	Web Services Definition Language	
XSD	XML Schema Definition	

1.5.2 Terminology

Term	Definition	Source
Capability	Capability is the ability of one or more of the enterprise's resources to deliver a specified type of effect or a specified course of action to the enterprise stakeholders.	EATMA Guidance Material [8]
Capability Configuration	A Capability Configuration is a combination of Roles and Systems configured to provide a Capability derived from operational and/or business need(s) of a stakeholder type.	EATMA Guidance Material [8]
Node	A logical entity that performs Activities. Note: nodes are specified independently of any physical realisation.	EATMA Guidance Material [8]
Service	The contractual provision of something (a non-physical object), by one, for the use of one or more others. Services involve interactions between providers and consumers, which may be performed in a digital form (data exchanges) or through voice communication or written processes and procedures.	EATMA Guidance Material [8]

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Term	Definition	Source
Service function	A type of activity describing the functionality of a Service.	EATMA Guidance Material [8]
Service interface	The mechanism by which a service communicates	EATMA Guidance Material [8]



2 Service identification

Name	METHazardEnrouteObservation
ID	{B24CD8A1-F2E6-4ee7-8C48-A63373B90F8C}
Version	2.0
Keywords	MET, Observation, Hazard
Architect(s)	NORACON

Lifecycle status	Date	References
Identified	21/04/2015	See reference [12]
Allocated	13/05/2015	See reference [13]
Designed	31/05/2016	This document
Validated	Date when validated. Filled by WP3	Name of protocol documenting the decision
IOC	Date for Initial Operational Capability	Reference to technical enabler hosting the service in the ATM master plan
FOC	Date for Full Operational Capability	Reference to technical enabler hosting the service in the ATM master plan



3 Operational and Business context

Today's European ATM Operations do not yet fully integrate weather information in a consistent and collaborative way.

The different local planning processes at both airports, ACCs and eventually FABs do not use the same weather information and do not share in a consistent way the different processes that may lead to ATM measures in the event of certain weather phenomena affecting their area of responsibility. The Regional Network Manager also uses its own processes and data to evaluate the potential impact of forecasted weather phenomena in points of the European Network eventually influencing the Network beyond their specific local impact.

In the future, the Network Operation Planning process will be improved through the use of meteorological network relevant data provided by the 4DWxCube used as the basis to launch the necessary DCB processes that in a collaborative way agree on the Network Operations Plan that achieves the best feasible and performing Network for a given day "D".

Two types of weather conditions can be differentiated, nominal and adverse (degraded) or significant weather conditions. The Network Manager is only interested in the latter.

The significant weather may have a negative impact on airport and/or airspace performance unless a proper response is organized (i.e., The selection of an airport operating mode to respond to given degraded conditions and eventually the use of additional airport resources such as de-icing/anti-icing services or the selection of mitigation ATFM measures to counteract on the impact on airspace). This would be the case when visibility is poor and/or in case of freezing conditions, precipitations, at airports or convective weather at airspaces, etc.

The 4DWxCube significant weather information (forecast) permits the Network to anticipate and prepare effective mitigations on potential reduction of capabilities that can have an impact in the network performance with or without causing a severe disruption.

The horizon of the forecast is normally as from D-1 but it is meant to be extended to D-3 in the future.

The anticipation and preparation of mitigations for potential reduction of capabilities in one or more parts of the network will lead to a NOP produced at D-1 closer to the actual execution of the plan. With this, the ATM community will increase their trust in the NOP and improve the Network performance. Forecast closer to the target time (on D day) provide more confident predictions that improve the NOP and the subsequent actions and decisions.

The 4DWxCube should also provide the actual significant weather (observations) that will be used in post-analysis. Comparison between the forecast and the subsequent actions and decisions taken in NOP versus the actual weather and actual network situation will be analyzed, lessons learnt derived/knowledge base enriched to improve weather management procedures.

The METHazardEnrouteForecast / Observation are a first set of services aiming at demonstrating the increase in ATM performance through the efficient and coordinated use of weather information within the framework of EXE-13.02.03-VP-700.

3.1 Information Exchange Requirements

The service identification is based on IERs from two documents. The P11.02.01 INTEROP [10] for general MET requirements and for NOP MET requirements the P07.06.01 OSED [11]. Figure 1 shows the tracing of the service to the relevant requirements.

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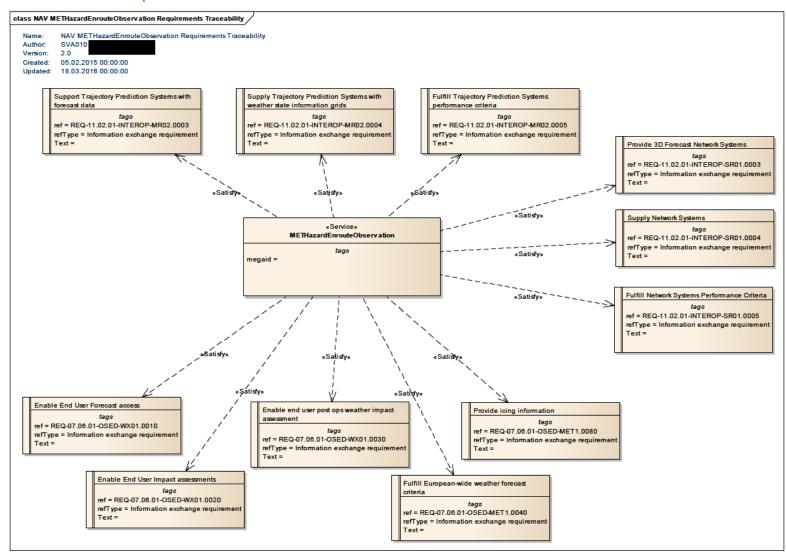


Figure 1: NAV METHazardEnrouteObservation Requirements Traceability IER diagram

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Element Name	Author		Notes
Fulfill Network Systems Performance 08.03.10			The MET dataset supporting Network short-
Criteria			term planning operations shall be delivered with the following transaction performances: - a maximum delivery time to the customer of 3 to 15 mn (tbc) -a maximum miss rate of 1 per week (tbc)
Element Tagged Value Nar	me	Value	
ref		REQ-11.02.01-INTEROP-SR01.0005	
refType		Informatio	on exchange requirement
Text			

Element Name	Author		Notes	
Fulfill Trajectory Prediction Systems performance criteria	08.03.10		The MET dataset supporting NM Trajectory Prediction Systems shall be delivered with the following transaction performances: - a maximum delivery time to the customer of 10 to 30 mm (tbc) -a maximum miss rate of 1 per week (tbc)	
Element Tagged Value Na	ıme	Value		
ref		REQ-11.0	2.01-INTEROP-MR02.0005	
refType		Information	ion exchange requirement	
Text				

Element Name	Author		Notes
Provide 3D Forecast Network Systems	3D Forecast Network Systems 08.03.10		The MET dataset supporting Network short-
			term planning operations shall be delivered
			for a selected time forecast horizon (between
			1 and 24 h), for a selected geographical area
			(described by a Lat/Long/FLmin/FLmax
			volume or corridor along a 4D trajectory),
			and for a list of preferred Airports within the
			selected area (designated by their ICAO or
			IATA codes or by a geographical lat/long
			domain or corridor along a 4D trajectory)
Element Tagged Value Na	me	Value	
ref		REQ-11.0	2.01-INTEROP-SR01.0003
refType		Informatio	on exchange requirement
Text			

Element Name	Author	Notes
Supply Network Systems	08.03.10	The MET dataset supporting Network short-term planning operations shall consist of: - En Route OPMET data (SIGMET, AIRMET, VAA, TCA) - Aerodrome OPMET data (TAF, TREND) - weather state parameters grids aloft ST forecast data - SIGWX, Turb/Conv/IcingST forecast data or a subset of the above.
Element Tagged Value Na	me Val	lue

(1)



	ref	REQ-11.02.01-INTEROP-SR01.0004
	refType	Information exchange requirement
	Text	

Element Name)	Author		Notes	
Supply Trajecto	ory Prediction Systems	08.03.10		The MET dataset supporting NM Trajectory	
with weather sta	ate information grids			Prediction Systems shall consist of weather	
	_			state information grids MT forecast data	
Elen	nent Tagged Value Nai	me	Value		
ref			REQ-11.0	2.01-INTEROP-MR02.0004	
refT	refType		Information exchange requirement		
Text	t				

Element Name	Author		Notes
Support Trajectory Prediction Systems with forecast data	08.03.10		The MET dataset supporting NM Trajectory Prediction Systems shall be delivered for a selected time forecast horizon (between 12h and 7 days) and for a selected geographical area (described by a volume - Lat/Long polygon, FLmin/FLmax - or a corridor along a 4D trajectory)
Element Tagged Value Na	me	Value	
ref			2.01-INTEROP-MR02.0003
refType		Information	on exchange requirement
Text			

Element Name	Author		Notes
Enable End User Forecast access	08.03.10		It shall be possible for the end user to access up-to-date network weather forecasts (up to D-10) in the specified geographical areas (regional/sub-regional/local) or airports (e.g. snow situation), with variable granularity levels depending on the time horizon.
Element Tagged Value Na	me	Value	
ref		REQ-07.0	6.01-OSED-WX01.0010
refType		Information exchange requirement	
Text			

Element Name	Author		Notes	
Enable End User Impact assessments	08.03.10		It shall be possible for the end user to access up-to-date weather impact assessments (regional/sub-regional/local) related to the specified geographical area (regional/sub-regional/local) or airports, and the planned mitigation strategies/tactics.	
Element Tagged Value Na	me	Value		
ref	ref		REQ-07.06.01-OSED-WX01.0020	
refType	ype		on exchange requirement	
Text				

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Element Name	Author		Notes	
Enable end user post ops weather	08.03.10		It shall be possible for the end user to	
impact assessment			identify (post-ops) the weather phenomenon	
			impacting network operations when reporting	
			weather induced delays. The reported	
			phenomena shall include at a minimum	
			delays due to TS /CB squall lines, CAT,	
			wind, precipitation, and reduced visibility.	
Element Tagged Value Na	me	Value		
ref	REQ-0		REQ-07.06.01-OSED-WX01.0030	
refType	Informat		Information exchange requirement	
Text				

Element Name	Author		Notes
Fulfill European-wide weather	08.03.10		A D-1 European-wide weather forecast is
forecast criteria			required in the NOP, depicting at ACC/sector level: - forecast of strong high and low pressure systems (high/low pressure systems, wind, snow, jet stream, temperature change data), - active fronts (precipitation and CB and thunderstorm activity in the summer) and - events such as ash cloud trajectories.
Element Tagged Value Na	me	Value	
ref		REQ-07.06.01-OSED-MET1.0040	
refType		Information exchange requirement	
Text			

Element Name	Author		Notes
Provide icing information	08.03.10		Icing information (forecasts and
			observations) at flight levels as defined in
			Amendment 76 to ICAO Annex 3 (valid in
			November 2013) is required in the NOP
Element Tagged Value Nat	me	Value	
ref		REQ-07.0	06.01-OSED-MET1.0080
refType		Information	on exchange requirement
Text			

Table 1: Requirements tracing

3.2 Other Requirements

3.2.1 Non-Functional Requirements

Some of IERs from the P11.02.01 INTEROP [10] contain information regarding non-functional requirements of the respective information exchange. No proper NFR have yet been identified by operational projects.



3.2.2 Nodes

Figure 2 below shows the nodes consuming and providing the service.

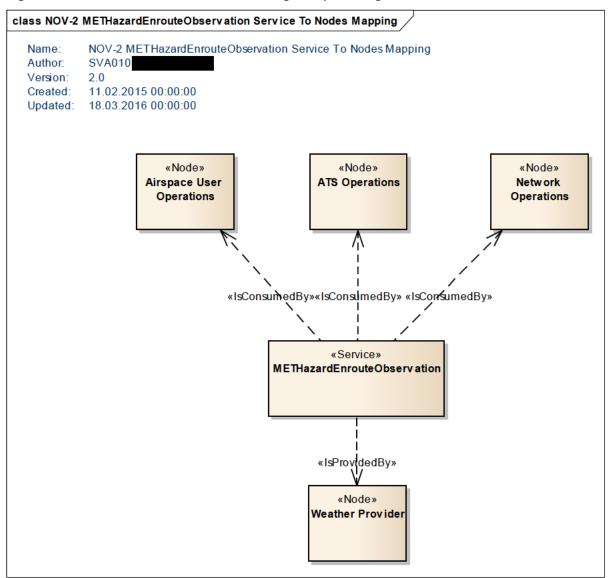


Figure 2: NOV-2 METHazardEnrouteObservation Service to Nodes Mapping diagram

4 Service overview

4.1 Service Taxonomy

The service taxonomy is described in the ISRM Service Portfolio document [9].

4.2 Service Levels (NfRs)

Non Functional Requirements are described in section 3.2.1.

4.3 Service Functions and Capabilities

The mapping to Operational Activities is as described in Figure 3. The capability mapping is shown in combination with the interface definition in Figure 4.



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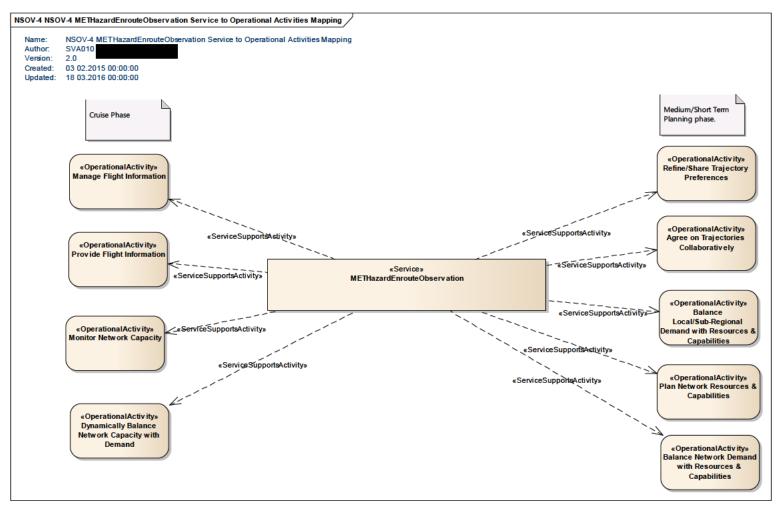


Figure 3: NSOV-4 METHazardEnrouteObservation Service to Operational Activities Mapping



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4.4 Service Interfaces

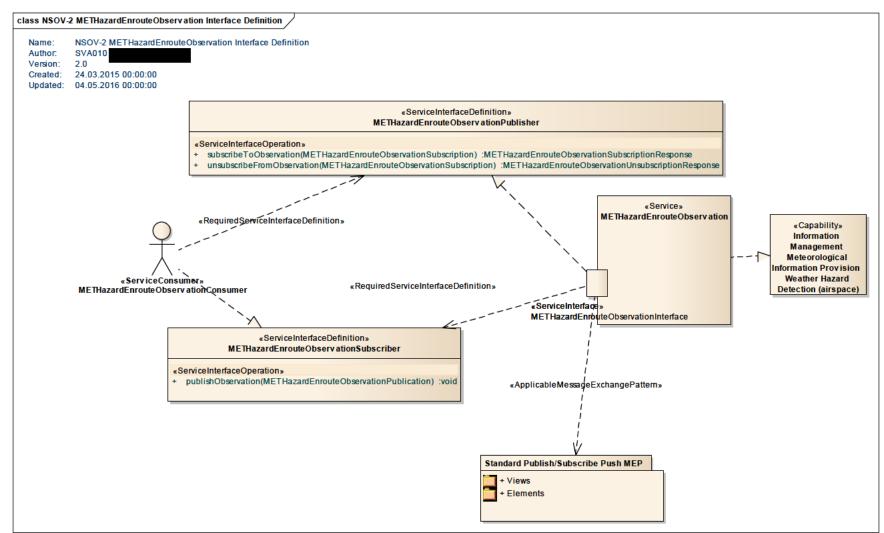


Figure 4: NSOV-2 METHazardEnrouteObservation Service Interface Definition diagram with Capability Mapping

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The Service Interface Definition is given, combined with the capability mapping, in the above Figure 4.

ServiceInterface	ServiceInterfaceDefinition	ServiceInterfaceOperation	Role
METHazardEnrouteObservationInterface	METHazardEnrouteObservationPublisher	subscribeToObservation	provided
METHazardEnrouteObservationInterface	METHazardEnrouteObservationPublisher	unsubscribeFromObservatio n	provided
METHazardEnrouteObservationInterface	METHazardEnrouteObservationSubscriber	publishObservation	required

Table 2: Service Interfaces

5 Service interface specifications

5.1 Service Interface METHazardEnrouteObservationInterface

The interface consists of a total of 3 operations and represents a standard publish/subscribe information service for observation data of significant weather phenomena.

5.1.1 Service Interface Definition METHazardEnrouteObservationPublisher

5.1.1.1 Operation subscribeToObservation

The service operation enables a consumer to subscribe to MET Hazard observation data.

5.1.1.1.1 Operation Functionality

The subscribe operation registers a consumer of the service to receive data updates in form of publications by the service.

5.1.1.1.2 Operation Parameters

The subscription parameter is a set of filters that allow for control over which updates a consumer wants to receive. Each filter that is passed to the subscription message defines a set of conditions under which a update is to be published to the subscriber. A filter can restrict updates to specific airspaces as well as weather conditions. No filter being passed as input is to be interpreted as a consumer requesting updates for all data.

The operation parameters are described in detail in Figure 5 and the entities in Table 3. The WeatherCondition entity and its elements are detailed along with the publish parameter in Table 4.

The return type of the operation represents the outcome of the subscription.

Element Name	Author	Notes
METHazardEnrouteObservationSubsc	SVA010	Message describing the Subscription
ription		

Element Name	Author	Notes
METHazardEnrouteObservationSubsc	SVA010	Reply to the subscription operation.
riptionResponse		

Element Name	Author	Notes
METHazardEnrouteObservationUnsu	SVA010	Reply to the unsubscription operation.
bscriptionResponse		

Element Name	Author		Notes
METHazardEnrouteFilter			METHazardEnrouteFilter providing the
			means to filter WeatherConditions and
			Airspaces
Element Tagged Value Name		Value	
CLDMSemanticTrace		CLDM_ou	ut_of_scope

Element Name	Author	Notes
formation manches		



Airspace		08.03.10		A defined three dimensional region of space
				relevant to air traffic.
1	Element Tagged Value	Name	Value	
	CLDMSemanticTrace		urn:x-	
			ses:sesa:	rju:airm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:S
			ubjectFi	elds:AirspaceInfrastructure:Airspace:Airspace
Attri	ibute Name	Type		Notes
desig	nator			A published sequence of characters allowing the identification of the airspace. Description: Typical examples are the ID of the Danger, Prohibited, Temporary segregated Areas, etc.
	Tagged Value Nam	e	Value	
	CLDMSemanticTrac	ce		irm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje spaceInfrastructure:Airspace:Airspace@designat

Table 3: Payload tracing to AIRM for subscribe



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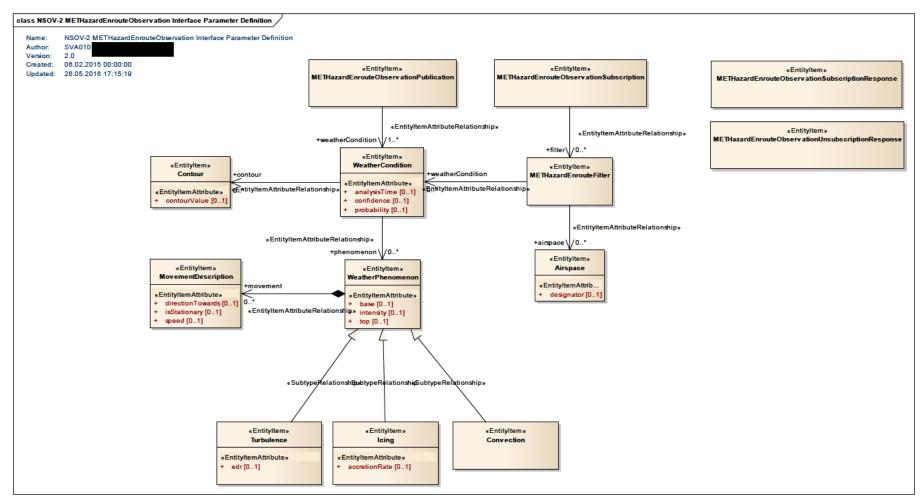


Figure 5: NSOV-2 METHazardEnrouteObservation Interface Parameter Definition diagram



5.1.1.2 Operation unsubscribeFromObservation

The unsubscribe operation signals to the service that a participant no longer wants to receive publications of new data.

5.1.1.2.1 Operation Functionality

The operation enables a subscriber to withdraw his active subscriptions for observation data updates.

5.1.1.2.2 Operation Parameters

The input parameters are the same as for the subscribe operation described above. In the context of the unsubscribe operation the filter specifies the airspaces or weather conditions for which no more publications are to be received. Passing no filters as parameters signifies unsubscribing from all updates.

The return type of the operation represents the outcome of the operation

5.1.2 Service Interface Definition METHazardEnrouteObservationSubscriber

5.1.2.1 Operation publishObservation

This operation enables consumers to receive changes in information on significant weather phenomena to which they are subscribed.

5.1.2.1.1 Operation Functionality

When the service registers information changes that match the filter of a subscriber then that subscriber will receive the updated information through the service calling the publish operation.

5.1.2.1.2 Operation Parameters

The input parameters are one or more WeatherCondition items representing the updated data. The operation parameters are described in detail in Figure 5 and the entities in Table 4

The operation has no return type.

Element Name	Author	Notes
METHazardEnrouteObservationPubli	SVA010	Container for the actual data to be provided
cation		by the ATM-specific (ISRM) service

Elem	ent Name		Author			Notes
Weatl	herCondition		08.03.10			Weather observations or forecast for an area
						of interest.
	Attribute Name	Ty	Type		N	Totes
	analysisTime				T	the time at which the forecast or observation
					pı	rocess starts.
	Tagged Value Name Value		Value			
	CLDMSemantic	Trace	ce urn:x-			
			ses:sesarju:aii		irn	n:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje

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		ctFields:Meteorology:WeatherCondition@analysisTime		reorology:WeatherCondition@analysisTime
Attrib	ute Name	Type		Notes
confide	ence			Quality of trusting for a forecast expressed as a
				percentage
	Tagged Value Nam	e	Value	
	CLDMSemanticTrac	ce	um:x-	
			ses:sesarju:a	irm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje
			ctFields:Met	eorology:WeatherCondition@confidence
Attrib	ute Name	Type		Notes
probab	ility			Relative likelihood of a forecast expressed as a
				percentage
	Tagged Value Nam	e	Value	
	CLDMSemanticTrac	ce	urn:x-	
			ses:sesarju:airm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Sub	
			ctFields:Meteorology:WeatherCondition@probability	

Element Name	Author		Notes		
WeatherPhenomenon	08.03.10		Head of substitution group for all weather		
			phenomena classes.		
Attribute Name	Type		Notes		
base					
Tagged Value Name	e	Value			
CLDMSemanticTrac	e	urn:x-			
			irm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje		
		ctFields:Met	eorology:WeatherPhenomenon@base		
Attribute Name	Type		Notes		
intensity		Severity of a weather phenomenon expre			
		using an enumeration of 7 distin			
Tagged Value Name	e	Value			
CLDMSemanticTrac	e	urn:x-			
		ses:sesarju:airm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Sub			
		ctFields:Meteorology:WeatherPhenomenon@intensity			
Attribute Name	Type		Notes		
top					
Tagged Value Name	Tagged Value Name				
CLDMSemanticTrac	e	urn:x-			
			irm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje		
		ctFields:Meteorology:WeatherPhenomenon@top			

Element Nan	ne		Author			Notes
Contour			08.03.10			An estimated or observed outline of a
						particular weather situation.
Attrib	ute Name	Тур	oe .		N	lotes
contou	rValue				F co	The value of the measure that applies to that contour. For example a pressure chart could have contours where each contour line represents a pecific pressure value, this could be sorted in the contour Value.
	Tagged Value Nam	e		Value		
	CLDMSemanticTrac	ce				n:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje rology:Contour@contourValue

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Element Name	Author		Notes		
MovementDescription	08.03.10		Movement information associated with a		
			phenomenon.		
Attribute Name	Type		Notes		
directionTowards			Heading of the movement of a meteorological		
			phenomenon.		
Tagged Value Nam	e	Value			
CLDMSemanticTrac	ce	urn:x-			
			irm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje		
		ctFields:Met	eorology:MovementDescription@directionTow		
		ards			
Attribute Name	Type		Notes		
isStationary			Indication whether a meteorological		
		phenomenon is moving or not.			
Tagged Value Nam		Value			
CLDMSemanticTrac	ce	urn:x- ses:sesarju:airm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje			
		ctFields:Met	eorology:MovementDescription@isStationary		
Attribute Name	Type		Notes		
speed			Velocity of the movement of a meteorological		
		Value	phenomenon		
	Tagged Value Name				
CLDMSemanticTrac			urn:x-		
			irm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje		
		ctFields:Met	eorology:MovementDescription@speed		

Element Name			Au	Author		Notes
Turbulence			08.	08.03.10		Atmospheric flow regime characterized by chaotic and stochastic property changes. This includes low momentum diffusion, high momentum convection, and rapid variation of pressure and velocity in space and time.
	Attrib	ute Name	Type			Notes
	edr					Eddy dissipation Rate, characterization of
						atmospheric turbulence.
		Tagged Value Nam	e		Value	
	CLDMSemanticTrace			urn:x- ses:sesarju:airm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje ctFields:Meteorology:Turbulence@edr		

Element Name Author				Author		Notes	
Icing 0			08.03.10		Formation of ice, rime, or hoarfrost on an		
						aircraft in flight.	
	Attribute Name Typ			pe 1		Notes	
	accretionRate			J		Ratio of growth of the ice deposit.	
Tagged Value Name				Value			
	CLDMSemanticTrace				urn:x-		
					ses:sesarju:airm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:Subje		
					ctFields:Meteorology:Icing@accretionRate		

Element Name	Author	Notes
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Convection	08.03.10		In the atmosphere, convection is the
			dominant vertical transport process in
			convective boundary layers, which are
			common over tropical oceans and, during
			sunny days, over continents. Moist
			convection in the atmosphere is characterized
			by deep, saturated updrafts and downdrafts,
			and unsaturated downdrafts driven by the
			evaporation and melting of precipitation.
			This form of convection is made visible by
			cumulus clouds and cumulonimbus clouds in
			the case of precipitation convection.
Element Tagged Value Nat	me	Value	
CLDMSemanticTrace		um:x-	
		ses:sesarju	n:airm:v410:ConsolidatedLogicalDataModel:S
		ubjectField	ds:Meteorology:Convection

Table 4: Payload tracing to AIRM for publish



Service dynamic behaviour

6.1 Service Interface METHazardEnrouteObservationInterface

The service interface operates in usual publish/subscribe message exchange pattern. This is represented in the diagram shown in Figure 6.

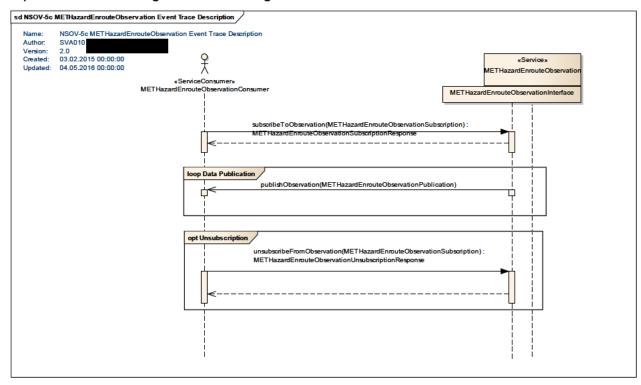


Figure 6: NSOV-5c METHazardEnrouteObservation Event Trace Description

7 Service provisioning

N/A



8 Validation and Verification

8.1 Verification

Verification was performed according to the latest ISRM Rulebook [6] and Verification Guidelines [7] based on the automated verification scripts.

The verification reports for the service can be found in the Verification Reports directory located in the D65 delivery package [14]:

Designed_Services_-_METHazardEnrouteObservationService.xls

Designed_Services_-_METHazardEnrouteObservationService_Common.xls

Based on the results in the verification reports the service has been successfully verified.

8.2 Validation

At the time of writing the service is being validated in form of a prototype implementation as part of EXE-13.02.03-VP-700.



9 References

Name	Version	Document ID / Location
[1] Project deliverables template	03.00.00	SJU templates & guidelines package, Project deliverables template
[2] SESAR Operational Service and Environment Definition	03.00.00	SJU templates & guidelines package, OSED template
[3] SESAR Safety and Performance Requirements	03.00.00	SJU templates & guidelines package, SPR template
[4] ISRM Tooling Guidelines	00.07.00	P08.03.10 D44
[5] ISRM Modelling Guidelines	00.07.00	P08.03.10 D44
[6] ISRM Rule Book	00.07.00	P08.03.10 D44
[7] ISRM Verification Guidelines	00.07.00	P08.03.10 D44
[8] EATMA Guidance Material	00.04.02	B04.01 D66
[9] ISRM service portfolio	00.88.00	P08.03.10 D65
[10] MET Interoperability Requirements	00.01.01	P11.02.01 D21
[11] Collaborative NOP OSED Step 1	00.02.07	P07.06.01 D45
[12] SCG24 Meeting minutes		B4.3
[13] B4.3 Service Allocation - SVA010	00.00.01	B4.3
[14] Verification reports for the service	N/A	P08.03.10 D65 Verification reports

-END OF DOCUMENT-

