

# [SESAR Solution PJ.10-W2-93A-93B-93C TS/IRS - Part II - Safety Assessment Report]

Deliverable ID: D3.2.060

Dissemination Level: PU

Project Acronym: PJ.10-W2-PROSA

**Grant:** 874464

Call: **H2020-SESAR-2019-1** 

**Topic:** Separation Management and Controller Tools

Consortium Coordinator: DFS

Edition Date: 18 May 2023
Edition: 00.01.01
Template Edition: 00.00.01





### **Authoring & Approval**

Beneficiary	Date
ENAV	12 Dec 22
Devieways intermed to the musicat	
Reviewers internal to the project Beneficiary	Date
DSNA	26 Jan 23
DFS	26 Jan 23
INDRA	26 Jan 23
NATS	26 Jan 23
Reviewers external to the project	
Beneficiary	Date
project	Representatives of all beneficiaries involved in th
project	Representatives of all beneficiaries involved in th
project Beneficiary	
project Beneficiary COOPANS	
project Beneficiary COOPANS DSNA	
project Beneficiary COOPANS DSNA DFS	
project Beneficiary  COOPANS  DSNA  DFS  ENAV	
project Beneficiary COOPANS DSNA DFS ENAV EUROCONTROL FREQUENTIS	
project Beneficiary COOPANS DSNA DFS ENAV EUROCONTROL FREQUENTIS INDRA	
project Beneficiary COOPANS DSNA DFS ENAV EUROCONTROL FREQUENTIS INDRA LEONARDO	
project Beneficiary COOPANS DSNA DFS ENAV EUROCONTROL FREQUENTIS INDRA LEONARDO NATS	
project Beneficiary  COOPANS  DSNA  DFS  ENAV  EUROCONTROL	



Date

Beneficiary



#### **Document History**

Edition	Date	Status	Beneficiary	Justification
00.00.01	12 Dec 22	Draft	ENAV	Initial version
00.00.02	20 Jan 23	Draft	ENAV	Hazard Analysis complemented
00.01.00	30 Jan 23	Final	ENAV	Final for approval
00.01.01	18 May 23	Final	ENAV	Alignment with TS-IRS after the Maturity Gate

**Copyright Statement** © 2023 – ENAV, INDRA, NATS, DGAC/DSNA, DFS, EUROCONTROL, Skyguide, Frequentis, ENAV, Leonardo, ENAIRE, PANSA, THALES AIR SYS, NAVIAIR/COOPANS. All rights reserved. Licensed to SESAR3 Joint Undertaking under conditions.





## PJ.10-W2-PROSA

#### PJ.10-W2-93 DELEGATION OF ATM SERVICES PROVISION AMONG ATSUS

This document is part of a project that has received funding from the SESAR3 Joint Undertaking under grant agreement No 874464 under European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme.



#### **Abstract**

The PJ.10-W2-93 deals with the different possible cases of delegation of provision of ATM Services amongst ATSUs based on traffic / organisation needs (either static on fix-time transfer schedule (Day/Night) or dynamic, e.g. when the traffic density is below/over certain level) or on contingency needs. The delegation operational concept can be supported by three different architectures, aka "Y", "D" and "U". Each of them has been developed in a specific technological solution and referenced as SESAR PJ.10-W2 Technological Solutions 93A, 93B and 93C.

This document is Part II of the TS/IRS related to the SESAR Project *PJ.10-W2 Solutions 93A, 93B and 93C.* Part II provides the Technological Safety Assessment Report (SAR) describing all the safety assurance activities that are requested to be performed in order to prove that the system investigated in the Solution is acceptably safe. To this end, this SAR also contains the Technical System Safety Specification identified for the Solution, complementing (at technological level) the work performed within the PJ.10-W2-93 V3 OSED Part II – SAR.





### **Table of Contents**

	Abstra	ct	4
1	Exe	cutive Summary	<u>88</u> 9
2	Intr	oduction	<u>99</u> 10
	2.1	Background	<u>99</u> 10
	2.2	General Approach to Safety Assessment	<u>99</u> 10
	2.3	Scope of the Safety Assessment	<u>99</u> 10
	2.4	Layout of the Document	<u>1111</u> 42
3	Sett	ing the Scene of the Safety Assessment	. <u>1212</u> 13
	3.1	Concept overview and scope of the change	<u>1212</u> <del>13</del>
	3.2	Stakeholders' expected benefits with potential Safety impact	<u>1212</u> 13
	3.3	Intended Operational use of the Technological Concept	<u>1212</u> 13
	3.4	Relevant applicable standards	<u>1313</u> 44
4	Tecl	hnical Safety Specification	. <u>1414</u> 15
	4.1	Overview of activities performed	<u>1414</u> 15
	4.2	Technical Specification Safety Requirements – TSSR (functionality and performant 141415	ce)
	4.3	Technical Specification Safety Requirements - TSSR (integrity /reliability)	<u>1515</u> 46
	4.4	Process assurance of the Technical Safety Specification	<u>1818</u> 19
5	Safe	Design of the Technical System	. <u>2020</u> <del>21</del>
	5.1	Overview of activities performed	<u>2020<del>21</del></u>
	5.2	Design Model of the Solution Technical System	<u>2020</u> <del>21</del>
	5.3 condit	Deriving Technical Safety Requirements at Design level for Normal and Abnorma ions	
	5.4	Technical Safety Requirements at design level addressing Internal System Failure	s <u>2424</u> 25
	5.5	Realism and testability of the Safe Design	<u>2727</u> 29
	5.6	Process assurance of the Safe Design	<u>2727</u> 29
6	Den	nonstration of achievability of the Technical System Safety Specification	. <u>3131</u> 30
7	Acro	onyms and Terminology	<u>4545</u> 31
8	Refe	erences	. <u>4747</u> 33
A	ppendi <u>484</u>	, , , , ,	use
	A.1	Define TSSRs for Normal and Abnormal conditions	<u>4848</u> 34



A.1.1 A.1.2		c analysis of the technical specificationamic analysis of the technical specification	
<b>A.2</b> A.2.1		TSSRs addressing failure conditions	
Appendi conditio		Designing the Solution technical system for normal and abnormal <u>5252</u> 37	r/
B.1	Derivii	ng TSRDs from TSSRs	<u>5252</u> 37
B.2	Static	analysis of the technical system	<u>5454</u> 39
B.3	Dynan	nic analysis of the technical system	<u>5454</u> 39
Appendi <u>555</u>	ix C <u>5</u> 40	Designing the technical system for addressing Internal System Fo	nilures
<b>C.1</b> C.1.1		ng SRD from the SRS (integrity/reliability)	
C.2	Derivii 61614	ng TSRD from the TSSR (functionality&performance) for protective mitig 4	gation
Appendi	ix D	Assumptions, Safety Issues & Limitations	<u>6666</u> 50
D.1	Assum	ptions log	<u>6666</u> 50
D.2	Safety	Issues log	<u>6666</u> 50
D.3	Opera	tional Limitations log	<u>6666</u> 50
List of Table 1. T		es rmal operations	<u>1414</u> 16
Table 2. 7	TSSR ab	normal operations	<u>1515</u> <del>17</del>
Table 3. 0	Operatio	onal Hazards	<u>1717<del>19</del></u>
Table 4. 1	TSSR for	failure (integrity/reliability)	<u>1818</u> 20
Table 5. 9	Safety A	ctivities	<u>1919</u> 21
Table 6. N	NSV-4 fu	unctions	<u>2222</u> 4
Table 7: 1	TSRD (fu	unctionality and performance) satisfying TSSRs for Normal conditions	<u>2424</u> <del>26</del>
Table 8. 1	ΓSRD (fι	unctionality and performance) satisfying TSSRs for Abnormal conditions	<u>2424<del>26</del></u>
Table 9. 1	ΓSRD to	mitigate functionality hazards	<u>2727</u> <del>30</del>
Table 10:	: Acrony	/ms	<u>4646</u> 33
Table 11.	. FHA w	orking table	<u>5151</u> 37
		derived by mapping TSSRs for normal and abnormal conditions of operat	_





List of Figures  Figure 1 [NSV-4] Arch Y - D0-Delegation Process Overview 212122	2
Table 17. TSRD for protective mitigation	)
Table 16. Service Assurance Level Allocation per Severity Class	•
Table 15. List of mitigations to reduce likelihood of hazards	<del>,</del>
Table 14. List of consequences in Common Cause Analysis	}
Table 13. List of causes, generating hazards	_





## 1 Executive Summary

This document contains the Specimen Safety Assessment for a typical application of the PJ.10-W2-Sol.93A-93B-93C Technological Solution. Those solutions propose three different architectures, of which two are based on Virtual Centre services developed in SESAR 2020 Wave 1 PJ.16-03, and Operational Concepts developed in SESAR 2020 Wave 1 PJ.15-09.

While Solution 93B and 93C are only reaching TRL4 at the end of Wave2, Solution 93A reaches TRL6 and allows OI SDM-217 of PJ.10-W2-Solution 93 to reach V3.

The three different architectures correspond to those identified and proposed by EUROCAE WG122: Architectures "Y", "D" and "U".

The Safety Assessment Report (SAR) represents Part II of the TS/IRS document and presents the assurance that the Safety Requirements for the TRL4-6 phases are complete, correct and realistic, thereby providing all material to adequately inform the PJ.10-W2-Sol.93A-93B-93C Solution TS/IRS Part I.





## 2 Introduction

### 2.1 Background

This safety assessment takes into account the work performed in other previous SESAR projects activities:

- PJ.15-09 from SESAR 2020 Wave 1 in which the first use cases of delegation and contingency of ATM services were produced;
- PJ.16-03 from SESAR 2020 Wave 1, which requirements and services specifications serve as a
  basis for the development of the VC concept, as well as for the development of virtual centre
  services, to ensure the adequate support to the implementation of the different ATS
  delegation use cases;
- PJ.10-W2-93 V2 phase outcomes.

Finally this assessment complements, at technological level, the work performed within the PJ.10-W2-93 V3 OSED Part II Safety Assessment Report.

### 2.2 General Approach to Safety Assessment

According to SESAR Safety Reference Material [2] [3], safety approach identifies three kind of solution types depending on its safety impact of the solution on ATS System. Each solution type: ATS Operational, Other than ATS operational solution or Technological solution demand specific safety approach. Considering the safety impact of PJ.10-W2-93A-93B-93C, it is a technological solution.

In case of a technological solution, the change involves new technology/equipment (not covered by the safety assessment of the operational solutions) with potential for supporting ATS services or services other than ATS, as they exist or as they are expected to evolve in the future.

This safety assessment is conducted as per the SESAR Safety Reference Material (SRM) which allows the derivation of:

- Technical Specification Safety Requirements (TSSR) specifying the functionality of the technological system for the intended uses (the WHAT) in terms of equipment, performance and integrity/reliability;
- Technical Safety Requirement at Design level (TSRD) defining the design of the technological system (the HOW) in order to meet the TSSRs.

## 2.3 Scope of the Safety Assessment

Solution 93B and 93C are only reaching TRL4 at the end of Wave2, Solution 93A reaches TRL6 and allows OI SDM-217 of PJ.10-W2-Solution 93 to reach V3.

As per SESAR SRM [2][3]:





- at TRL4 (safe initial design), the safety assessment will derive the initial Technical Safety Requirements at initial design level (iTSRD);
- at TRL6 (safe refined design) the safety assessment will derive the refined Technical Safety Requirements at initial design level (TSRDs).

The supported PJ.10-W2-Solution 93 operational use cases are:

- Delegation of ATM services provision at night,
- Delegation of ATM Services Provision at fixed time,
- Cross-border delegation of ATM services with dynamic AoR for an elementary sector,
- Cross-border optimisation using delegation with static AoR,
- Delegation of ATM services provision following abnormal conditions (ATSU contingency)

The SAR covers the technical aspects of these exercises:

- 1. <u>EXE-3</u> led by SkyGuide aimed validating the operational and technical aspects, including the validation of new services, linked to the delegation of ATM services provision for the following use cases:
  - Delegation of ATM services provision at night
  - Delegation of ATM services provision in case of contingency

Three architectural options (Y, U and D) of Virtual Centre based platforms were validated.

- 2. <u>EXE-4</u> led by ENAV aimed at validating the operational and technical aspects linked to the delegation of ATM services provision for the following use cases:
  - Delegation of ATM services provision at night
  - Delegation of ATM services provision at fixed time
  - Delegation of ATM services provision on-demand
  - Delegation of ATM services provision in case of contingency
  - Delegation of ATM services provision between Civil and Military ATSUs

This Exercise was validated in a different Scenario and sectorization, using the "Y" Architecture in a Virtual Centre environment.

- 3. <u>EXE-5</u> led by COOPANS validate the operational and technical aspects linked to the delegation of ATM services provision for the following use case:
  - o Delegation of ATM services provision on-demand
  - Delegation of ATM services provision in case of contingency





This Exercise was validated using the "Y" Architecture in a Virtual Centre environment.

### 2.4 Layout of the Document

- Section 1 provides the executive summary of this safety assessment report.
- Section 2 provides an overview of the safety assessment report.
- Section 3 provides an overview of the PJ.10-W2-Sol93A-93B-93C
- Section 4 presents the Technical Safety Specification
- Section 5 presents the Safe Design of the technical system.
- Section 6 presents the Demonstration of achievability of the Technical System Safety Specification
- Section 7 provides the list of acronyms and terminology.
- Section 8 lists the documents referred to in this document.





## 3 Setting the Scene of the Safety Assessment

### 3.1 Concept overview and scope of the change

The delegation of ATM services provision, as described by the OI "SDM-0217\_Delegation of ATM Services provision between ATSUs", may be achieved with different system architectures.

PJ.10-W2-93A focuses on the "Y" architecture relying on a delegation between 2 ATSUs sharing the same ADSP and without affecting their respective AoRs.

PJ.10-W2-93B focuses on the "D" architecture relying on a delegation between 2 ATSUs, each one with its own ADSP, and using Virtual Centre (service) interoperability for remotely connecting CWPs from the receiving ATSU to the ADSP of the delegating ATSU without affecting the respective ATSU AoRs.

PJ.10-W2-93C focuses on the "U" architecture relying on a delegation between 2 ATSUs, each one with its own system, and using exchange capabilities between the 2 systems for transferring relevant data to the ATSU receiving the delegation. Each system may be a legacy one or be provided by an ADSP. In this architecture, the respective AoRs are reshaped according to the expected delegation.

For more details refer to TS/IRS Part I [16][16][17].

### 3.2 Stakeholders' expected benefits with potential Safety impact

During the SAF&HP Scoping and Change Assessment Workshop, input to HP and Safety issues and benefits have been collected from participants to workshop through a workgroup activity. Details of this activity are reported in the **Error! Reference source not found.Error! Reference source not found.** Appendix A of V2 SAP [5][5][6].

Further details about the benefits that the solution is intended to bring are also reported in the OSED/SPR/INTEROP Part I BIM Section [14][14][15][14].

## 3.3 Intended Operational use of the Technological Concept

#### 3.3.1 Intended use identified from SESAR Operational Solutions

PJ.10-W2-93 represents an operational Solution which addresses OI step SDM-0217. This OI step is supported by different sets of Enablers which are associated with different technical architectures (Y, D and U) which are based on the taxonomy defined by EUROCAE WG-122 [19]. The three technical Solutions have been defined to explore these different architectures:

- PJ.10-W2-93A: Y-architecture supporting delegation of ATM services provision amongst ATSUs
- PJ.10-W2-93B: D-architecture supporting delegation of ATM services provision amongst ATSUs
- PJ.10-W2-93C: U-architecture supporting delegation of ATM services provision amongst ATSUs

#### 3.3.2 Other intended use outside SESAR





No additional applications were identified.

### 3.4 Relevant applicable standards

Each of these Technological Solutions is corresponding to a particular Virtual Centre architecture as proposed in the taxonomy issued by the EUROCAE WG122 [19].





## 4 Technical Safety Specification

The purpose of this section is to document the Technical Specification Safety Requirements for the corresponding Technological Solution.

### 4.1 Overview of activities performed

The Technical Safety Specification is composed of Technical Specification Safety Requirements (TSSRs) and that they are derived from the intended use identified in section 3.3.

This section addresses the following activities:

- the derivation of the Technical Specification Safety Requirements TSSRs (functionality and performance) in normal and abnormal conditions section 4.2
- the derivation of the Technical Specification Safety Requirements TSSRs (integrity/reliability) to address functionality failures section 4.3
- process assurance of the Technical Safety Specification section 4.4

# 4.2 Technical Specification Safety Requirements – TSSR (functionality and performance)

## 4.2.1 TSSR from SESAR operational solution intended use and/or relevant standards

The following TSSRs has been retrieved from V3 PJ.10-W2-93 OSED Part II [9] based on the use cases for normal operations:

TSSR ID	TSSR
TSSR-001	The delegation of ATS provision shall be supported by the CWP (ATS and Voice).
TSSR-002	The operational Supervisor of receiving ATSU shall be supported by the system to abort the ongoing delegation.
TSSR-003	A receiving ATSU shall be appropriately equipped and staffed in order to provide ATS in the pre-defined airspace of the delegating ATSU.
TSSR-004	The delegating ATCO team shall switch the frequency of the delegated sector from Tx/Rx to Rx when switching from operational mode to preview mode in the delegating ATSU.
TSSR-005	ATSEP of the ATSU shall be able to control systems running at the ATSU, including network connection to ADSP at all times.

**Table** <u>11114</u>. TSSR normal operationsThe following TSSRs has been retrieved from V3 PJ.10-W2-93 OSED Part II [9] based on the use cases for abnormal operations:





TSSR ID	TSSR
TSSR-006	In case of contingency, coordination and synchronization messages shall be exchanged between ATSUs.
TSSR-007	In case of contingency, coordination and synchronization messages shall be exchanged between ATC and/or Voice ADSPs.

Table 22222. TSSR abnormal operations TSSR from other intended use

No TSSR from other intended use identified.

# 4.3 Technical Specification Safety Requirements - TSSR (integrity /reliability)

## 4.3.1 TSSR from SESAR operational solution intended use and/or relevant standards

The list of Operational Hazards is based on Wave 1 PJ.16-03 SAR Appendix D – Hazards Consequences [7]. The list was reviewed during off-line consultation with domain safety experts.

ID	Operational Hazard Description	Operational Effects	Mitigation of effects propagation	Severity (most probable effect)
OH 01	Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for receiving ATSU	Near Mid Air Collision (MF3a)	ATC collision prevention B3B4	MAC-SC2a
OH 02	Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for both delegating and receiving ATSUs	Near Mid Air Collision (MF3a)	ATC collision prevention B3B4	MAC-SC2a
OH 03	Loss of Service results in "Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for receiving ATSU", i.e. data and or functions not available or not behaving	Imminent Infringement (MF5.9)	ATC Collision Prevention B3B4	MAC-SC3





			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	v
	correctly preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic.			
OH 04	Loss of Service results in "Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for both delegating and receiving ATSUs", i.e. data and or functions not available or not behaving correctly preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic.	Imminent Infringement (MF5.9)	ATC Collision Prevention B3B4	MAC-SC3
OH 05	Loss of Service results in Detected corruption for receiving/ both delegating and receiving ATSU preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic	Imminent Collision (MF4)	ATC Collision Prevention B3B4	MAC-SC2b
ОН 06	Loss of Service results in "Undetected Corruption for receiving/ both delegating and receiving ATSU" preventing controller from	Near Mid Air Collision (MF3a)	ATC collision prevention B3B4	MAC-SC2a





			γ	
managing	safe			
separation	of			
traffic				

Table 33333. Operational Hazards

Virtual Centre services shall be designed to reduce the impact of loss of service for the following failure modes:

**1** or only a few aircraft: Represents a failure mode that impacts on a small number, no more than 3, aircraft for receiving or both receiving and delegating ATSUs.

**Many or all aircraft**: Represents a failure mode that impacts on more than 3 or all aircraft for receiving or both receiving and delegating ATSUs.

**Service Loss** (one workstation): Represents a failure mode within the Service that results in data and or functions not being provided or available to the end user OR the data, functions are obviously operating incorrectly for receiving or both receiving and delegating ATSUs.

**Service Loss** (two workstations): Represents a failure mode within the Service that results in data and or functions not being provided or available to the end user OR the data, functions are obviously operating incorrectly for receiving or both receiving and delegating ATSUs.

**Detected Corruption**: Represents a failure mode where data or functions provided by the Service are incorrect but detected as incorrect by the Service due to deficiencies in design for receiving or both receiving and delegating ATSUs.

**Undetected Corruption**: Represents a failure mode where data or functions provided by the Service are incorrect and not detected as incorrect by the Service due to deficiencies in design for receiving or both receiving and delegating ATSUs.

The explanation on the derivation of the following integrity/reliability requirements can be found in the PJ.10-W2-93 V3 OSED Part II [9].

TSSR ID	TSSR for failure (integrity/reliability)	Related Operational Hazard	Severity & IM
TSSR- 008	The frequency of occurrence of Loss of Service preventing controller from managing one or many aircraft for receiving ATSU shall not be more than 1,2 1e-6 [sector operating hours].	OH 01	MAC-SC2a
TSSR- 009	The frequency of occurrence of Loss of Service preventing controller from managing one or many aircraft for both delegating and receiving ATSU shall not be more than 1,2 1e-6 [sector operating hours].	OH 02	MAC-SC2a
TSSR- 010	The frequency of occurrence of Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for receiving ATSU" shall be no greater than 2,4 1e-6 [sector operating hours]	OH 03	MAC-SC3





TSSR- 011	The frequency of occurrence of Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for both delegating and receiving ATSU" shall be no greater than 2,4 1e-6 [sector operating hours]	ОН 04	MAC-SC3
TSSR- 012	The frequency of occurrence of Loss of Service resulting in "Detected corruption for receiving ATSU" preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic shall be no greater than 6,0 1e-7 [sector operating hours]	OH 05	MAC- SC2b
TSSR- 013	The frequency of occurrence of Loss of Service resulting in "Detected corruption for both delegating and receiving ATSU" preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic shall be no greater than 6,0 1e-7 [sector operating hours]	ОН 05	MAC- SC2b
TSSR- 014	The frequency of occurrence of Loss of Service resulting in "Undetected corruption for receiving ATSU" preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic shall be no greater than 1,2 1e-7 [sector operating hours]	ОН 06	MAC-SC2a
TSSR- 015	The frequency of occurrence of Loss of Service resulting in "Undetected corruption for both delegating and receiving ATSU" preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic shall be no greater than 1,2 1e-7 [sector operating hours]	ОН 06	MAC-SC2a

Table 44444. TSSR for failure (integrity/reliability)

#### 4.3.2 TSSR from other intended use

No TSSR from other intended use identified.

## 4.4 Process assurance of the Technical Safety Specification

The safety assessment was conducted according to SRM. The Technical Specification Safety Requirements (TSSRs) identified refer to the functionalities & performance characteristics derived from the (potential) operational uses envisaged for the technological solution limited to the potential safety implication on the side of the operational users (i.e. ATS service provider).

For this reason, the current safety assessment was initiated by a preliminary safety impact assessment, including initial hazard identification, involving operational experts which are relevant for the use of the technological concept. This approach allowed to understand the potential safety implication of the solution.

The following safety activities were performed with the participation of PJ.10-W2-93 solution partners:

Safety assessment activity	Scope	Personnel involved





HP&SAF Scoping &	Definition safety strategy	Safety experts
Change Assessment session	Safety planning	Human Factors Expert
Safety Metrics and Indicators session	Identification of applicable metrics and indicators to be applied in the	ATCOs
HAZID activity	exercises for safety evidence Hazard identification	Operational experts
TIAZID UCLIVILY	Safety System Requirements	

Table <u>5555</u>5. Safety Activities





## 5 Safe Design of the Technical System

### 5.1 Overview of activities performed

This section addresses the following activities:

- introduction of the design model (initial or refined) of the Solution technical system section 5.2
- derivation of Technical Safety Requirements (functionality & performance) at Design level (TSRD) in normal and abnormal conditions of operation section 5.3
- assessment of the adequacy of the design (initial or refined) in the case of internal failures and mitigation of the Solution functionality hazards (identified in section 4.3) through derivation from TSSRs (integrity/reliability) of Technical Safety Requirements (functionality & performance) and Technical Safety Requirements (integrity/reliability) at Design level (TSRD) section 5.4
- realism of the refined safe design (i.e. achievability and "testability" of the TSRD) section 5.5
- process assurance at the initial or refined safe design level section 5.6

### 5.2 Design Model of the Solution Technical System

### 5.2.1 Description of the Technical System Design Model

This section presents the System Functionality & Flow Models (NSV-4 EATMA diagram) developed in the context of the solution. It describes the main tasks and machine functions in accordance with the delegation process for a Y architecture. For further details, please refer to OSED Part I [14] and TS/IRS [16] documents.





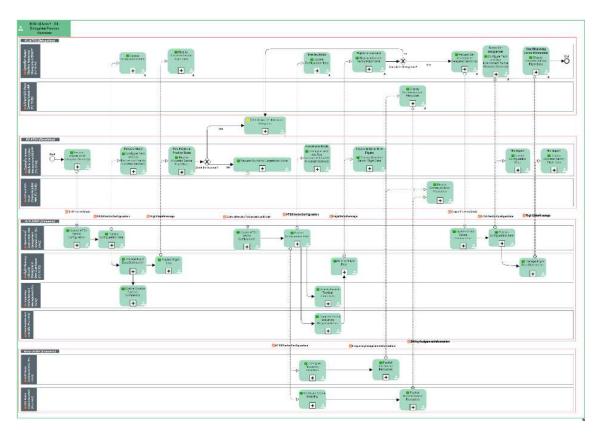


Figure 1111. [NSV-4] Arch Y - D0-Delegation Process Overview

Function	Description
Compute Sector Sequence Responsibilities	Compute the sectors/units that will either control the flight, or need to be coordinated or informed.
Configure Frequency Allocation	Reconfiguration of frequency assignment(s) of the VCS position(s).
Configure Sector Mapping	Reconfiguration of the sector mapping of the VCS position(s).
Configure Tech and Ops Environment for the Allocated Sector(s)	Initialisation of the HMI with environment and operational data relative to the sector(s) allocated to the position.
Display Allocated Sector Flight Data	After sector reconfiguration and impacts in sector control sequence, update the concerned flights of the position.
Display Communication Resources	Display frequency and sector mapping of the VCS position.
Enable/Disable Tactical Commands	Enable, or disable, the processing of controller commands that have been input when the position is respectively set in operation or in preview mode. This function, when implemented, may as well be directly allocated to the CHMI FB.





Manage Flight Data Distribution	Determine how, and according to which criteria, flight distribution is to be performed for each position/Controller.
Publish Air/Ground Resources	Publication of new frequency assignments to the VCS positions.
Publish Configuration Data	Publishes configuration data to relevant subscribers.
Publish Flight Data	Distribution of Flight Plan Data to the relevant subscribers.
Publish Ground/Ground Resources	Publication of a new sector mapping configuration to the VCS positions.
Request Allocation of Delegated Sector(s)	Following a delegation agreement, request for setting the allocation of the delegated sector on the working position.
Request Delegation Abortion	Request for triggering the abortion of a delegation process that has been initiated but cannot be completed.
Request Switch to Operational Mode	Trigger for switching working position(s) from preview mode to operational mode.
Update ATSU Sector Configuration	Updates the ATSU sector configuration with requested new configuration.
Update Configuration Data	Following reception of a configuration change, analyse the impact on the working position and process the changes if any required.

Table 66666. NSV-4 functions

# 5.3 Deriving Technical Safety Requirements at Design level for Normal and Abnormal conditions

# 5.3.1 Technical Safety Requirements at Design level for Normal and Abnormal conditions

The table below contains the list of Technical Safety Requirements at Design level (functionality and performance) for Normal and Abnormal conditions of operations. Most of these requirements have been extracted from PJ.10-W2-93 V3 OSED Part II SAR [8].

Technical Safety Requirement ID [Design Model element]	Technical Safety Requirement description (functionality & performance)	Derived from TSSR (ID)
TSRD-001	The frequency of the delegated sector should be activated	TSSR-001
[Preview Mode]	automatically to Rx at the Executive CWP of the receiving ATSU when the receiving ATSU activates the preview mode for this sector.	TSSR-004





TSRD-002	The frequency of the delegated	TSSR-001
[Preview/Operational Mode]	sector should be switched automatically from Tx/Rx to Rx at the Executive CWP of the delegating ATSU when switching from operational mode to preview mode in the delegating ATSU.	TSSR-004
TSRD-003 [Preview Mode]	The frequency of the delegated sector should be switched automatically from Rx to Tx/Rx at the Executive CWP of the receiving ATSU when switching from preview mode to operational mode for this sector in the receiving ATSU.	TSSR-001 TSSR-004
TSRD-004 [Preview Mode]	The frequency of the delegated sector should automatically be disabled when the preview mode is terminated at the delegating ATSU.	TSSR-001 TSSR-004
TSRD-005 [all phases of the delegation]	Concerned technical staff shall receive appropriate training to perform shutdown/restart/reboot of operational equipment.	TSSR-005
TSRD-006 [abort delegation]	The operational Supervisor and/or the ATSEP shall be able to make the system input to abort a delegation.	TSSR-001 TSSR-002 TSSR-003
TSRD-007 [all phases of the delegation]	Recurrent Training shall be provided to VC technical staff in order to guarantee an optimal maintenance of competence.	TSSR-005
TSRD-008 [all phases of the delegation]	Synchronization between ATC ADSP and Voice ADSP supporting both receiving and delegating ATSUs is needed. This could be e.g. synchronization of frequency table data, etc.	TSSR-001 TSSR-004
TSRD-009 [all phases of the delegation]	The AMQP or equivalent message framework should provide a framework which will ensure a tamper proof message exchange between clients and servers.	TSSR-001 TSSR-003





TSRD-010	The AMQP or equivalent message	TSSR-001
[all phases of the delegation]	framework shall ensure that the Sender and Receiver are mutually agreed upon counter parties - No possibility for injection of Spam should be available.	TSSR-003

Table 77777: TSRD (functionality and performance) satisfying TSSRs for Normal conditions

The SRD for abnormal conditions identified in the V3 PJ.10-W2-93 OSED Part II [9] are applicable in the context of this document. In addition, the following abnormal conditions have been also identified:

	Abnormal condition	Effect	Mitigation of Effects / TSSR
ABN 001	Coordinated Cyber Security attack specific to the Virtual Centre architecture.	The ATM system making use of a Virtual Centre architecture may not be able to function as intended and safety levels (i.e. loss of separation) may be jeopardized due to coordinated cyber security attack. The operational effect would be loss of capability for controller to communicate with a/c.	Security assessment in accordance with best practise shall be conducted
ABN 002	Major communication malfunction	The ATM system making use of a Virtual Centre architecture may not be able to function as intended and safety levels may be jeopardized due to major communication failure.	Some of the identified Security Requirements (e.g., REQ-PJ10-W2-93-TS-SEC.003) are also applicable to mitigate the risk of encountering a contingency situation or avoiding the propagation of effects of its occurrence. For more details, please refer to TS/IRS [16].  TSRD-011: All critical equipment shall have redundant configurations to ensure switch-over in case of failure

Table 88888. TSRD (functionality and performance) satisfying TSSRs for Abnormal conditions

# 5.3.2 Additional TSRD from Static/dynamic analysis of the technical system behaviour

No additional TSRDs were defined from static and dynamic analysis.

# 5.4 Technical Safety Requirements at design level addressing Internal System Failures





#### 5.4.1 Design analysis with respect to internal system failure conditions

A top-down analysis has been conducted in order to:

- Ensure identification of a complete list of failures that could cause each hazard
- Ensure identification of the required Mitigation means preventing causes to occur or preventing their effect to propagate towards each hazard
- Contribute to demonstrate the feasibility and effectiveness of the contingency procedures associated to the degraded modes of operation in which the technical system might enter as a result of certain failure modes
- Determine potential common cause failures and ensure their mitigation through dedicated SRD or design choice.

Further information is reported in Appendix C and V3 PJ.10-W2-93 OSED Part II [9].

# 5.4.2 Technical Safety Requirements at design level addressing internal system failures

All the SRD for failure conditions identified in the V3 PJ.10-W2-93 OSED Part II [9] are applicable in the context of this document. In addition, the following TSRDs have been also identified (for more information, refer to Appendix C.2):

Technical Safety Requirement ID	Technical Safety Requirement description	Derived from TSSR integrity/reliability (ID)
TSRD-012	Coordination & Transfer Management service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	TSSR-008 TSSR-009
TSRD-013	Flight Data Distribution & Management services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	TSSR-008 TSSR-009
TSRD-014	Surveillance service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	TSSR-008 TSSR-009
TSRD-015	Voice Communication Distribution & Management service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	TSSR-008 TSSR-009 TSSR-010
TSRD-016	Correlation Distribution & Management services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	TSSR-008 TSSR-009
TSRD-017	Monitor Aids, Operational Supervisor, Secondary Surveillance Radar, Safety Nets, Technical	TSSR-008





	Supervisor services shall have Service Assurance	TSSR-009
Level (SAL) SAL4 after Safety Hittigation.	Level (SAL) SAL4 after safety mitigation.	TSSR-010
		TSSR-011
		TSSR-012
		TSSR-013
		TSSR-014
		TSSR-015
TSRD-018	All services shall be segregated to ensure continuity	TSSR-008
	of other services in case of malfunction of one specific service.	TSSR-009
		TSSR-010
		TSSR-011
		TSSR-012
		TSSR-013
		TSSR-014
		TSSR-015
TSRD-019		TSSR-008
		TSSR-009
		TSSR-010
	All services shall have assigned a Service Assurance	TSSR-011
	Level (SAL) to ensure proper Assurance Level of the service.	TSSR-012
		TSSR-013
		TSSR-014
		TSSR-015
TSRD-020	The VCCI shall ensure that no corrupted data is provided to any communicating client.	TSSR-013
TSRD-021	The contract with the data providers shall ensure appropriate service availability, integrity, performance, security, etc	TSSR-013





TSRD-022	The communication service shall meet appropriate	TSSR-008
	targets (KPIs) with regard to site availability, service interruption per site, network response time,	TSSR-009
	packet delivery ratio, etc. to ensure that (related) hazard safety requirements are met and the	TSSR-010
	probability of their occurrence is reduced as far as practicable.	TSSR-011
	p. doct.odd e.	TSSR-012
		TSSR-013
		TSSR-014
		TSSR-015
TSRD-023	The AMQP or equivalent message framework shall be resilient towards technical failure of the	TSSR-008
	underlying communication infrastructure, so that	TSSR-009
	no transaction based messages, i.e. requests are lost.	TSSR-010
		TSSR-011
		TSSR-012
		TSSR-013
		TSSR-014
		TSSR-015

Table 99999. TSRD to mitigate functionality hazards

Also, the Reliability Requirements defined in the TS/IRS are applicable for addressing internal system failures. For more information, please refer to TS/IRS [16].

## 5.5 Realism and testability of the Safe Design

Considering the development and results of validation exercises executed and the safety assessment performed, it can be stated that safety assumptions are correct and coherent with the described scenarios, and that the requirements are testable and possible to satisfy. All of this of course depending on the correct implementation of the identified Recommendations (VALR).

Most of the safety requirements are verifiable by direct means which could be by equipment and/or integrated system verification report, training certificate, published procedures, etc.

## 5.6 Process assurance of the Safe Design

A safety team encompassing controllers, engineers, Safety and Human Performance specialists have supported this safety assessment. The safety requirements have been derived in normal, abnormal and failure conditions being in line with the SRM process. In addition to the SAF/HP meeting related to the exercises, several meetings were organised to consolidate the list of safety requirements.





TSRD ID	TS/IRS requirements ID	Requirement Text
TSRD-001	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF024	The frequency of the delegated sector should be activated automatically to Rx at the Executive CWP of the receiving ATSU when the receiving ATSU activates the preview mode for this sector.
TSRD-002	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF025	The frequency of the delegated sector should be switched automatically from Tx/Rx to Rx at the Executive CWP of the delegating ATSU when switching from operational mode to preview mode in the delegating ATSU.
TSRD-003	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF026	The frequency of the delegated sector should be switched automatically from Rx to Tx/Rx at the Executive CWP of the receiving ATSU when switching from preview mode to operational mode for this sector in the receiving ATSU.
TSRD-004	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF027	The frequency of the delegated sector should automatically be disabled when the preview mode is terminated at the delegating ATSU.
TSRD-005	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF009	Concerned technical staff shall receive appropriate training to perform shutdown/restart/reboot of operational equipment.
TSRD-006	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF028	The operational Supervisor and/or the ATSEP shall be able to make the system input to abort a delegation.
TSRD-007	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF029	Recurrent Training shall be provided to VC technical staff in order to guarantee an optimal maintenance of competence.
TSRD-008	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF030	Synchronization between ATC ADSP and Voice ADSP supporting both receiving and delegating ATSUs is needed. This could be e.g. synchronization of frequency table data, etc.
TSRD-009	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF035	The AMQP or equivalent message framework should provide a framework which will ensure a tamper proof





		message exchange between clients and servers.
TSRD-010	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF037	The AMQP or equivalent message framework shall ensure that the Sender and Receiver are mutually agreed upon counter parties - No possibility for injection of Spam should be available.
TSRD-012	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF001	Coordination & Transfer Management service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.
TSRD-013	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF002	Flight Data Distribution & Management services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.
TSRD-014	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF003	Surveillance service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.
TSRD-015	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF004	Voice Communication Distribution & Management service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.
TSRD-016	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF005	Correlation Distribution & Management services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.
TSRD-017	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF006	Monitor Aids, Operational Supervisor, Secondary Surveillance Radar, Safety Nets, Technical Supervisor services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL4 after safety mitigation.
TSRD-018	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF007	All services shall be segregated to ensure continuity of other services in case of malfunction of one specific service.
TSRD-019	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF008	All services shall have assigned a Service Assurance Level (SAL) to ensure proper Assurance Level of the service.
TSRD-020	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF032	The VCCI shall ensure that no corrupted data is provided to any communicating client.
TSRD-021	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF033	The contract with the data providers shall ensure appropriate service





		availability, integrity, performance, security, etc
TSRD-022	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF034	The communication service shall meet appropriate targets (KPIs) with regard to site availability, service interruption per site, network response time, packet delivery ratio, etc. to ensure that (related) hazard safety requirements are met and the probability of their occurrence is reduced as far as practicable.
TSRD-023	REQ-PJ.10-W2.93-TS-SAF036	The AMQP or equivalent message framework shall be resilient towards technical failure of the underlying communication infrastructure, so that no transaction based messages, i.e. requests are lost.



## 6 Demonstration of achievability of the Technical System Safety Specification

Achievability of the TSSRs has been demonstrated through the validation objectives defined for Solutions PJ10-W2-93A-93B-93C and validated during exercises and additional specific safety assessment activities. (i.e. data analysis, Safety and HP workshops).

In the framework of the solutions PJ10-W2-93A-93B-93C, the validation exercises reported in section 2.3 have been performed and the VALR [18] presents the detailed results coming from these validation exercises. The exercises validation objectives and the related success criteria are summarized in Table below. These results have to be complemented with the ones related to the operational aspects reported in both VALR [18] and PJ.10-W2-93 SAR [9].

Exercise ID, Name, Goals	Validation Objective	Validation Exercise Success Criterion ID	Coverage (SAC, TSRS and/or TSRD)	Exercise Validation Results
EXE-PJ.10-W2- 93-V3-VALP-003 Delegation of ATM services provision among ATSUs — skyguide  Validate the concept of	EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93a-V3-VALP-001  Maturity Assessment  To assess the maturity of the Virtual Centre architecture and services environment conditions	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93a-V3-VALP- 01-001 A "VC maturity assessment report" is provided	TSSR-001 TSSR-002 Partially Covered TSSR-003 TSSR-004 TSSR-005	N/A - No longer Valid Objective from the SJU feedback
delegation of ATM services provision among ATSUs in nominal and abnormal conditions, contributing to the maturity V3 of the Solution PJ.10-W2- 93.	EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93a-V3-VALP-002 Validation Platform To produce and complement/provide the technical validation platform	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-02-001 A Virtual Centre (VC) validation platform based on the Y architecture is put in place and supports the validation of the delegation scenarios dedicated to the Y architecture	TSSR-006 Partially Covered  TSRD-001 Partially Covered  TSRD-002 Partially Covered  TSRD-003 Partially Covered  TSRD-004 Partially Covered  TSRD-005	Status of both ATC & Voice ADSPs are monitored thanks to supervision tools put in place either locally at the ATSU level and/or at the location of the remote ADSP. The ADSP related services are also monitored from the remote ATSUSs.
<ul> <li>Validate the three architectural options (Y, U and D) of</li> </ul>		EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93a-V3-VALP- 02-002 A Technical Supervision service is put in	TSRD-006 Partially Covered TSRD-007	





Virtual		place to monitor	TSRD-008	
Centre		the status of the	1300-000	
based		ATC ADSP and its	TSRD-018 Partially	
platforms,		services	Covered	
as well as				
the increase		EX3-CRT-PJ.10-		
of Maturity		W2-93a-V3-VALP-	SAC#01	
of the		02-003 A	JACHOI	
Virtual		Technical	SAC#02	
Centres and		Supervision		
related		service is put in place to monitor	SAC#03	
services, while		the status of the		
involving		Voice ADSP		
multiple		1010071501		
ATSUs connected	EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93a-V3-VALP-003 Virtual Centre Services	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93a-V3-VALP- 03-001		The ADSPs were fully supervised from the ATSUs to
to one or	virtual Ceritie Services	Operational		follow all the
several ADSPs. This	To increase the	Supervision		phases of the
part is being	number of defined as	Management &		delegation: from
supported	well as implemented	Distribution		Operation to
by another	Virtual Centre services	(OPSUPM/D)		Preview and then
project		services can		to Operational at
SESAR W3		support delegation		the receiving. The same applies at
PJ32-VC W3.		scenarios in all		the delegating
EXE-PJ.10-W2-		their phases		ATSU.
93-V3-VALP-003		(Initial, Preview		
exercise selected		and final		Some new services
two delegation		operational		have been defined
scenarios from the PJ.10-W2-93		modes)		and validated and
V3 SPR-		EX3-CRT-PJ.10-		some existing ones have been
INTEROP OSED,		W2-93a-V3-VALP-		validated at a
which were		03-002 Additional		higher maturity
played in a VC		services OR		(TRL6)
platform of		already defined		
different		services under		
architectures		PJ16.03 but not		
Y/U/D:		yet validated,		
<ul> <li>Delegation</li> </ul>		have been		
of ATM		validated		
services		EX3-CRT-PJ.10-		
provision at		W2-93a-V3-VALP-		
night.		03-003 Additional		
Delegation of		- or updated		
ATM services		operations within		
provision in		existing services-		
contingency		have been		
		implemented and validated		
		vanuateu		



(case of ATSU failure).	EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93a-V3-VALP-004 Interoperability  To increase the number of defined as well as implemented Virtual Centre services	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-04-001 Services from one ADSP have been provided to CWPs from different vendors/ANSPs  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-04-002 CWPs of a vendor/ATSU have consumed the same services from ADSPs of different vendors  Performance of the A/G and G/G communications between CWPs of a same or of different voice ADSP(s) are judged acceptable by End users (ATCOs, SUPs, ATSEPs)	Standard services are used between CCS and iTEC ADSPs and the various CWPs
	EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93a-V3-VALP-005 Virtual Centre services performance To complement the performance assessment of the Virtual Centre architecture and services	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-001 Response time from the ADSP(s) to CWPs requests remains within a defined threshold  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-002 Network capacity has been evaluated as being sufficient to support data flows within the Validation Platform  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-003 Removed as it is the same	The overall performance of the VC components (Network, CWPs, ADSPs voice and ATC) were measured and good figures were shown, see below under EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-005.  The response time at the ATC or Voice CWPs are judged acceptable by the ATCOs and SUPs.





	as EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93a-V3-VALP- 05-001	
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93a-V3-VALP- 05-004 Average time for a CWP switch to a Preview Mode is acceptable and Safe for the operations	
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-005 Average time for a CWP switch from a Preview to Operational Mode is acceptable and Safe for the operations	
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-006 The Global time to perform the overall delegation process is acceptable for the operations	
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93b-V3-VALP-001 Maturity Assessment To assess the maturity of the Virtual Centre architecture and services environment conditions	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93b-V3-VALP- 01-001 A "VC maturity assessment report" is provided	N/A - No longer Valid Objective from the SJU feedback
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93b-V3-VALP-002 Validation Platform To produce and complement/provide	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93b-V3-VALP- 02-001 A Virtual Centre (VC) validation platform based on the D architecture is	Status of both ATC & Voice ADSPs are monitored thanks to supervision tools put in place either locally at the ATSU level





the technical validation platform	put in place and supports the validation of the delegation scenarios dedicated to the D architecture  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-02-002 A Technical Supervision service is put in place to monitor the status of the ATC ADSP and its services  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-02-003 A Technical Supervision service is put in place to monitor the status of the ATC ADSP and its services	and/or at the location of the remote ADSP. The ADSP related services are also monitored from the remote ATSUSs.
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93b-V3-VALP-003 Virtual Centre Services To increase the number of defined as well as implemented Virtual Centre services	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-03-001 Operational Supervision Management & Distribution (OPSUPM/D) services can support delegation scenarios in all their phases (Initial, Preview and final operational modes)	The ADSPs were fully supervised from the ATSUs to follow all the phases of the delegation: from Operation to Preview and then to Operational at the receiving. The same applies at the delegating ATSU.
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93b-V3-VALP- 03-002 Additional services OR already defined services under PJ16.03 but not	



	yet validated, have been validated  EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93b-V3-VALP- 03-003 Additional - or updated operations within existing services- have been	
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93b-V3-VALP-004 Interoperability  To increase the number of defined as well as implemented Virtual Centre services	implemented and validated  EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93b-V3-VALP- 04-001 Services from one ADSP have been provided to CWPs from different vendors/ANSPs	Standard services are used between CCS and iTEC ADSPs and the various CWPs and the specific DFS CWP was able to connect to two
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93b-V3-VALP- 04-002 CWPs of a vendor/ATSU have consumed the same services from ADSPs of different vendors	different ADSPs: CCS and iTEC
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-04-003 Performance of the A/G and G/G communications between CWPs of a same or of different voice ADSP(s) are judged acceptable by End users (ATCOs, SUPs, ATSEPs)	
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2- 93b-V3-VALP-005 Virtual Centre services performance	EX3-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93b-V3-VALP- 05-001 Response time from the ADSP(s) to CWPs requests remains	The overall performance of the VC components (Network, CWPs, ADSPs voice and





To complement the performance assessment of the Virtual Centre architecture and services

within a defined threshold

EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-05-002 Network capacity has been evaluated as being sufficient to support data flows within the Validation Platform

EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-05-003 Removed as it is the same as EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-05-001

EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-05-004 Average time for a CWP switch to a Preview Mode is acceptable and Safe for the operations

EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-05-005 Average time for a CWP switch from a Preview to Operational Mode is acceptable and Safe for the operations

EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93b-V3-VALP-05-006 The Global time to perform the overall delegation process is acceptable for the operations

ATC) were measured and good figures were shown, see below under EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-005.

The response time at the ATC or Voice CWPs are judged acceptable by the ATCOs and SUPs.



EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93c- V3-VALP-001 Maturity Assessment  To assess the maturity of the Virtual Centre architecture and services environment conditions	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-01- 001 A "VC maturity assessment report" is provided	N/A - No longer Valid Objective from the SJU feedback
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93c-V3-VALP-002Validation Platform  To produce and complement/provide the technical validation platform	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-02- 001 A Virtual Centre (VC) validation platform based on the U architecture is put in place and supports the validation of the delegation scenarios dedicated to the U architecture  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-02- 002 A Technical Supervision service is put in place to monitor the status of the ATC ADSP and its services  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-02- 003 A Technical Supervision service is put in place to monitor the status of the ATC ADSP	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-02- 001 is not considered as a SC by the SJU  Status of both ATC & Voice ADSPs are monitored thanks to supervision tools put in place either locally at the ATSU level and/or at the location of the remote ADSP
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93c- V3-VALP-003Virtual Centre Services  To increase the number of defined as well as implemented Virtual Centre services	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-03- 001 Specific inter- ADSP services have been defined to manage airspace delegation in "U" architecture	The synchronisation work between the CCS and iTEC ADSPs has well started but a lot of missing data have made this solution as not enough mature, see below analysis





EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93c-	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	While the voice
V3-VALP-004	93c-V3-VALP-04-	ADSP was as much
Interoperability	001 Specific to U:	mature as for the
	the ADSPs have	Y/D architectures,
To increase the number	successfully shared	the data sharing
of defined as well as	data between them	between the
implemented Virtual	to allow for	ADSPs was just not
Centre services	delegation	sufficient to guarantee a safe
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	delegation
	93c-V3-VALP-04-	procedure.
	002 Specific to U:	
	the ADSP has been	However, there
	able to increase or	was no issue to
	reduce its AoR	play UC# with
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	Dynamic AoR under the U
	93c-V3-VALP-04-	architecture
	003 The Voice	
	ADSPs (when many)	
	are able to	
	exchange voice	
	communications	
	A/G and G/G	
EX3-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93c-	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	For this Objective,
V3-VALP-005 Virtual	93c-V3-VALP-05-	the results
Centre services	001 Network	obtained from the
performance	capacity has been	U/D architectures
•	evaluated as being	are also valid for
To complement the	sufficient to	the U architecture
performance assessment	support data flows	for the first five SC
of the Virtual Centre	within the	which are all of
architecture and services	Validation Platform	them validated OK.
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	However, for the
	93c-V3-VALP-05-	last two criteria (%
	002 Quality of	of coordinated
	Service (QoS)	flights), the level of
	during the EXE runs	automation was
	has been evaluated	not acceptable for
	nas seen evaluatea	the operations.
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	•
	93c-V3-VALP-05-	
	003 Average time	
	for a CWP switch to	
	a Preview Mode is	
	acceptable and Safe	
	for the operations	
	EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	
	93c-V3-VALP-05-	
	004 Average time	



		from a Preview to Operational Mode is acceptable and Safe for the operations  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-05- 005 The Global time to perform the overall delegation process is acceptable for the operations  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-05- 006 Specific to U: % of Coordinated flights between ADSPs against total number of flights is in a acceptable rate for the operations  EX3-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93c-V3-VALP-05- 007 Specific to U: % of manually coordinated flights between ATSUs against total number of flights is		
EXE-PJ.10-W2- 93-V3-VALP-004 Delegation of ATM services provision	EX4-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93a- V3-VALP-001 To assess the maturity of the Virtual Centre architecture and services environment conditions	for the operations  EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93a-V3-VALP-01- 001 A "VC maturity assessment report" is provided	TSSR-001 TSSR-002 TSSR-003	Updated the VC Services in the Maturity Report PJ32 WP3
among ATSUs – ENAV  The objective is to validate the delegation of ATM services provision among ATSUs in nominal conditions and no normal	EX4-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93a- V3-VALP-002To produce and complement/provide the technical validation platform	EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2- 93a-V3-VALP-02- 001 A Virtual Centre (VC) validation platform based on the Y architecture is put in place and supports the validation of the delegation	TSSR-004 TSSR-005 TSSR-006 Partially Covered TSRD-001 TSRD-002	Reported in the EXE 4 Availability Note based on a VC Architectures



			1	1	
	nditions in a		scenarios dedicated	TSRD-003	
	tual Centre		to the Y		
pla	tform.		architecture	TSRD-004	
				TCDD OCT	
	particular,		EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	TSRD-005	
	s validation		93a-V3-VALP-02-	TSRD-006	
act	ivity aimed at		002 A Technical	13KD-000	
dei	monstrating		Supervision service	TSRD-007	
the	operational		is put in place to	13110-007	
fea	sibility,		monitor the status	TSRD-008	
ор	erational		of the ATC ADSP	13112 000	
acc	eptance, and		and its services	TSRD-018	
	formance			Partially	
	nefits of the	EX4-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93a-	EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	covered	
	10-W2-93	V3-VALP-003To increase	93a-V3-VALP-02-	COVCICU	
	ncept for the	the number of defined as	003 A Technical		
	lowing use	well as implemented	Supervision service		
	_	Virtual Centre services	is put in place to	SAC#001	
CdS	es:	virtual Cellile Sel Vices	monitor the status	= · · <del>- · · · · · · · ·</del>	
	Dologation			SAC#002	
•	Delegation		of the Voice ADSP		
	of ATM		EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-	SAC#003	One ADSP with 2
	services		93a-V3-VALP-03-		different ATSUs
	provision at				
	night		001 Operational		were considered in
•	Delegation		Supervision		the Validation.
	of ATM		Management &		6
	services		Distribution		Several List of the
	provision at		(OPSUPM/D)		operation in the
	fixed time		services can		appropriate
•	Delegation		support delegation		services Have been
	of ATM		scenarios in all their		validated (OSUP
	services		phases (Initial,		and Technical
	provision		Preview and final		Supervision)
	on-demand		operational modes)		
			,		
•	Delegation		EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-		
	of ATM		93a-V3-VALP-03-		
	services		002 Additional		
	provision		services OR already		
	between		defined services		
	Civil and		under PJ16.03 but		
	Military		not yet validated,		
	ATSUs		have been validated		
			nave been validated		
			EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-		
			93a-V3-VALP-03-		
			003 Additional - or		
			updated operations		
			within existing		
			services- have been		
			implemented and		
			validated		



EX4-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-004To increase the number of defined as well as implemented Virtual Centre services EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-04-001 Services from one ADSP have been provided to CWPs from different vendors/ANSPs

EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-04-002 CWPs of a vendor/ATSU have consumed the same services from ADSPs of different vendors

EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-04-003 Performance of the A/G and G/G communications between CWPs of a same or of different voice ADSP(s) are judged acceptable by End users (ATCOs, SPVRs, ATSEPs)

EX4-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-005Virtual Centre services performance

To complement the performance assessment of the Virtual Centre architecture and services

EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-001 Response time from the ADSP(s) to CWPs requests remains within a defined threshold

EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-002 Network capacity has been evaluated as being sufficient to support data flows within the Validation Platform Standard services are used between CCS ADSP and the various CWPs of LIBB and LIRR ATSUs provided by LEONARDO with a "Y" Architecture

Starting from the Verification, integration and Validation the overall performances of the system were measured with an appropriate analysis resulted acceptable range of QoS.





		EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-003 Quality of Service (QoS) during the EXE runs has been evaluated  EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-004 Average time for a CWP switch to a Preview Mode is acceptable and Safe for the operations  EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-005 Average time for a CWP switch from a Preview to Operational Mode is acceptable and Safe for the operations  EX4-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93a-V3-VALP-05-006 The Global time to perform the overall delegation process is		
		acceptable for the operations		
EXE-PJ.10-W2- 93-V3-VALP-005 Delegation of ATM services provision among ATSUs – COOPANS The objective is to validate the delegation of ATM services provision among ATSUs considering the	EXE5-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93- V3-VALP-024  To assess the maturity of the Virtual Centre architecture and services	EXE5-CRT-PJ.10- W2-93-V3-VALP- 024-001 A "VC maturity assessment report" is provided	TSSR-002 TSSR-003 TSRD-005 TSRD-006 TSRD-007 TSRD-008 Partially Covered	This Validation Objective status is OK.  Overall, the Y- architecture based platform was mature enough and provided the requested services to the operators.





following	Use
Cases:	

- Delegation of ATM services provision in case of contingency
- Delegation of ATM services provision on-demand

#### EXE5-OBJ-PJ.10-W2-93-V3-VALP-025

To produce and complement/provide the technical validation platform

EXE5-CRT-PJ.10-W2-93-V3-VALP-025-001

Validation platforms based on a "legacy Y" architecture are put in place and are ready for use to play the identified operational scenarios under PJ10.93 SAC#001

SAC#002

SAC#003

This Validation Objective status is OK.

The main identified limitation in the virtual centre architecture that was found under the validation was the speed in transfer of data. A VPN connection via public internet was used, and delays in data transmission was observed during all runs, especially in the later part of the runs, when a lot of data occupied the available connection.



## 7 Acronyms and Terminology

Term	Definition
ADSP	ATM Data Service Provider
AIM	Accident Incident Model
AMPQ	Advanced Message Queuing Protocol
ANSP	Air Navigation Service Provider
AoR	Area of Responsibility
ATCO	Air Traffic Controller
ATSEP	Air traffic safety electronics personnel
ATSU	Air Traffic Services Unit
CNS	Communication Navigation Surveillance
FHA	Functional Hazard Analysis
HMI	Human Machine Interface
HP	Human Performance
LoA	Letter of Agreement
MAC-ER	Mid Air Collision En-Route
MAC-SC	Mid Air Collision Severity Classes
OE	Operational Environment
ОН	Operational Hazard
OLDI	On-Line Data Interchange
OSED	Operational Service Environment Description
SAL	Service Assurance Level
SAP	Safety Assessment Plan
SAR	Safety Assessment Report
SPR	Safety Performance Requirements
SRD	Safety Requirements at ATS Design level





SRM	SESAR Safety Reference Methodology
SRS	Safety Requirements at ATS Service level
TS/IRS	Technical Specification / Interface Requirements Specification
TSRS	Technical Specification Safety Requirements
TSRD	Technical Safety Requirements at Design Level
UC	Use Case
VALP	Validation Plan
VALR	Validation Report
VC	Virtual Centre
VCCI	Virtual Centre Communication Infrastructure
VCS	Voice Communication System

Table <u>10101010</u>10: Acronyms





## 8 References

#### Safety

- [1] SESAR 2020 Safety Policy
- [2] SESAR Safety Reference Material latest edition accessible in STELLAR Program Library
- [3] Guidance to Apply SESAR Safety Reference Material latest edition accessible in STELLAR Program Library
- [4] (EU) No 2017/373 laying down common requirements for service providers and the oversight in air traffic management/air navigation services and other air traffic management network functions, repealing Regulation (EC) No 482/2008, Implementing Regulations (EU) No 1034/2011 and (EU) No 1035/2011 and amending Regulation (EU) No 677/2011 (and associated AMC and GM)
- [5] SESAR2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V2 Validation Plan Part II Safety Assessment Plan
- [6] SESAR2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V3 Validation Plan Part II Safety Assessment Plan
- [7] SESAR SOLUTION PJ.16-03 VC SPR-INTEROP/OSED FOR TRL6 PART II Safety Assessment Report
- [8] SESAR2020 PJ.32 SPR-INTEROP/OSED Part II Safety Assessment Report
- [9] SESAR2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V3 SPR-INTEROP/OSED Part II Safety Assessment Report

#### **Human Performance**

- [10]SESAR Human Performance Assessment Process V1 to V3- including VLDs latest edition accessible in STELLAR Program Library
- [11]SESAR2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V3 Validation Plan Part IV Human Performance Assessment Plan
- [12]SESAR2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V3 OSED Part IV Human Performance Assessment Report

#### General

- [13]SESAR 2020 PJ19 Validation Targets (2020)
- [14]SESAR2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V3 SPR-INTEROP/OSED Part I
- [15]SESAR 2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V3 Validation Plan Part I
- [16] SESAR 2020 PJ.10-W2-93A Final TS/IRS TRL6 (and 93B, 93C TRL4) Part I
- [17]SESAR2020 PJ.32 SPR-INTEROP/OSED Part I
- [18]SESAR 2020 PJ.10-W2-93 V3 Validation Report
- [19] EUROCAE: Virtual Centre Strategy for Standardisation Phase 1, November 2021





## Appendix A Defining the Technical Safety Specification based on other intended use

#### A.1 Define TSSRs for Normal and Abnormal conditions

Within the Safety & HP Scoping and change assessment session of a preliminary safety impact assessment (including initial hazard identification) was conducted, involving operational experts which are relevant for the use of the technological concept (ATCOs, technical experts, HF experts, Safety experts), to understand the potential safety implication of the solution. The results of the initial hazards identification for normal and abnormal conditions and the related TSSRs are presented in section 4.2.2.

Furter details on the derivation of requirements are provided in the PJ.10-W2-93 V3 SAR [9].

#### A.1.1 Static analysis of the technical specification

No new TSSR was identified from a static analysis of the functional system behaviour.

#### A.1.2 Dynamic analysis of the technical specification

No new TSSR was identified from a dynamic analysis of the functional system behaviour.

#### A.2 Define TSSRs addressing failure conditions





#### **A.2.1 FHA**

	Example of causes & preventive mitigations	Operational effect	Mitigations protecting against propagation of effects	Functionality hazard & Severity
services provision in case of contingency /	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)  Infrastructure failure (Main Comm failure, Fallback Comm failure)  Operator Failure	(MF3a)	ATC collision prevention B3B4	OH 01 Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for receiving ATSU MAC-SC2a
services provision in case of contingency /	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)  Infrastructure failure (Main Comm failure, Fallback Comm failure)  Operator Failure	(MF3a)	ATC collision prevention B3B4	OH 02 Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for both delegating and receiving ATSUs MAC-SC2a
<u> </u>	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure) Infrastructure failure Maintenance Error Technical Personnel Error / Lack of training	Imminent Infringement (MF5.9)	ATC Collision Prevention B3B4	OH 03 Loss of Service results in "Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for receiving ATSU", i.e. data and or functions not available or not behaving correctly preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic.  MAC-SC3





Example of causes & preventive mitigations	Operational effect	Mitigations protecting against propagation of effects	Functionality hazard & Severity
ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure) Infrastructure failure Maintenance Error Technical Personnel Error / Lack of training	Imminent Infringement (MF5.9)	ATC Collision Prevention B3B4	OH 04 Loss of Service results in "Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for both delegating and receiving ATSUs", i.e. data and or functions not available or not behaving correctly preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic.  MAC-SC3
Data corrupted (Data corrupted by ATC ADSP; Data corrupted by Voice ADSP)  ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure failure  Infrastructure failure  Maintenance Error  Technical Personnel Error (Erroneous data input by operator) / Lack of training	Imminent Collision (MF4)	ATC Collision Prevention B3B4	OH 05 Loss of Service results in "Detected corruption for receiving/both delegating and receiving ATSU" preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic MAC-SC2b





Example of causes & preventive mitigations	Operational effect	Mitigations protecting against propagation of effects	Functionality hazard & Severity
Data corrupted (Data corrupted by ATC ADSP; Data corrupted by Voice ADSP)  ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)  Infrastructure failure  Maintenance Error  Technical Personnel Error (Erroneous data input by operator) / Lack of training	Near Mid Air Collision (MF3a)	ATC collision prevention B3B4	OH 06 Loss of Service results in "Undetected Corruption for receiving/both delegating and receiving ATSU" preventing controller from managing safe separation of traffic MAC-SC2a





# Appendix B Designing the Solution technical system for normal and abnormal conditions

### **B.1 Deriving TSRDs from TSSRs**

Table below shows the TSRD derived from the TSRS presented in section **Error! Reference source not found.**5.3.1.

TSSR for Normal&Abnormal Operation (ID & content)	Technical Safety Requirement at Design level <sup>1</sup> (TSRD) or Assumption	Maps onto
TSSR-001	TSRD-001	[Preview Mode]
TSSR-004	The frequency of the delegated sector should be activated automatically to Rx at the Executive CWP of the receiving ATSU when the receiving ATSU activates the preview mode for this sector.	
TSSR-001	TSRD-002	[Preview/Operational Mode]
TSSR-004	The frequency of the delegated sector should be switched automatically from Tx/Rx to Rx at the Executive CWP of the delegating ATSU when switching from operational mode to preview mode in the delegating ATSU.	
TSSR-001	TSRD-003	[Preview Mode]
TSSR-004	The frequency of the delegated sector should be switched automatically from Rx to Tx/Rx at the Executive CWP of the receiving ATSU when switching from preview mode to operational mode for this sector in the receiving ATSU.	
TSSR-001	TSRD-004	[Preview Mode]
TSSR-004	The frequency of the delegated sector should automatically be	



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> iTSRD for the initial design or rTSRD for the refined design



	disabled when the preview mode is terminated at the delegating ATSU.	
TSSR-005	TSRD-005  Concerned technical staff shall receive appropriate training to perform shutdown/restart/reboot of operational equipment.	[all phases of the delegation]
TSSR-001 TSSR-002 TSSR-003	TSRD-006  The operational Supervisor and/or the ATSEP shall be able to make the system input to abort a delegation.	[abort delegation]
TSSR-005	TSRD-007  Recurrent Training shall be provided to VC technical staff in order to guarantee an optimal maintenance of competence.	[all phases of the delegation]
TSSR-001 TSSR-004	TSRD-008  Synchronization between ATC ADSP and Voice ADSP supporting both receiving and delegating ATSUs is needed. This could be e.g. synchronization of frequency table data, etc.	[all phases of the delegation]
TSSR-001 TSSR-003	TSRD-009  The AMQP or equivalent message framework should provide a framework which will ensure a tamper proof message exchange between clients and servers.	[all phases of the delegation]
TSSR-001 TSSR-003	TSRD-010  The AMQP or equivalent message framework shall ensure that the Sender and Receiver are mutually agreed upon counter parties - No possibility for injection of Spam should be available.	[all phases of the delegation]
TSSR-001	TSRD-011	[all phases of the delegation]





TSSR-006	All critical equipment shall have	
	redundant configurations to ensure	
	switch-over in case of failure	

Table 1212121242: TSRDs derived by mapping TSSRs for normal and abnormal conditions of operation to Design Model Elements

#### B.2 Static analysis of the technical system

From the analysis of the NOV-5 / NSV-4 diagrams developed in the framework of the solution, the TSRD presented in section B1 have been derived. No additional SRDs considered after static analysis of the functional system behaviour.

### B.3 Dynamic analysis of the technical system

Real time simulations have been conducted and they represent a form of dynamic analysis. Meanwhile, no additional TSRDs have been derived from the execution of the validation exercises.





## Appendix C Designing the technical system for addressing Internal System Failures

This appendix provides the several causes for each of the identified hazards in Appendix A. Note that this is based in SESAR 2020 Wave 1 PJ.16-03 work and that all data is not presented here.

## C.1 Deriving SRD from the SRS (integrity/reliability)

#### C.1.1 Causal analysis

**Causal Analysis** 

A top-down identification of internal system failures leading to hazards has been conducted, identifying each of these causes and linking them to the possible hazards they could lead to. The table below lists the causes identified and relates them to these hazards.

Causes	Hazard Description	Hazard Identification
	Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for receiving ATSU	OH 01
Comm failure, Fallback Comm failure)		
Operator Failure		
(ATC ADSP	Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for both delegating and receiving ATSUs	OH 02
Infrastructure failure (Main Comm failure, Fallback Comm failure)		
Operator Failure		
(ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)	Loss of Service results in "Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for receiving ATSU", i.e. data and or functions not available or not behaving correctly preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to	OH 03
Infrastructure failure Maintenance Error	safely manage traffic.	





Causes	Hazard Description	Hazard Identification
Technical Personnel Error / Lack of training		
(ATC ADSP	Loss of Service results in "Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for both delegating and receiving ATSUs", i.e. data and or functions not available or not behaving correctly preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic.	OH 04
(Data corrupted by ATC ADSP; Data corrupted by Voice ADSP)  ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)  Infrastructure failure  Maintenance Error  Technical Personnel Error (Erroneous data input by operator) / Lack of training	Loss of Service results in "Detected corruption for for receiving/ both delegating and receiving ATSU" preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic	OH 05
(Data corrupted by ATC ADSP;	Loss of Service results in "Undetected Corruption for for receiving/ both delegating and receiving ATSU" preventing controller from managing safe separation of traffic	OH 06





Causes	Hazard Description	Hazard Identification
ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)		
failure Maintenance Error		
Technical Personnel Error (Erroneous data input by operator) / Lack of training		

Table <u>13131313</u>13. List of causes, generating hazards

#### **Common Cause Analysis**

Hazard Identification	Causes	Consequences (Common cause analysis)			
ОН 01	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)  Infrastructure failure (Main Comm failure, Fallback Comm failure)  Operator Failure	(MF3a)	Increase of workload;  Decrease of situational awareness		
OH 02	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)  Infrastructure failure (Main Comm failure, Fallback Comm failure)  Operator Failure				
OH 06	Data corrupted (Data corrupted by ATC ADSP; Data corrupted by Voice ADSP)  ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)				





Hazard Identification	Causes	Consequences (Common cause analysis)
	Infrastructure failure	
	Maintenance Error	
	Technical Personnel Error (Erroneous data input by operator) / Lack of training	
OH 03	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)	Imminent Infringement (MF5.9)
	Infrastructure failure	
	Maintenance Error	
	Technical Personnel Error / Lack of training	
OH 04	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)	
	Infrastructure failure	
	Maintenance Error	
	Technical Personnel Error / Lack of training	
OH 05	Data corrupted (Data	
	corrupted by ATC ADSP; Data corrupted by Voice ADSP)	(MF4)
	ADSP Failure (ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)	
	Infrastructure failure	
	Maintenance Error	
	Technical Personnel Error (Erroneous data input by operator) / Lack of training	

Table 1414141414. List of consequences in Common Cause Analysis

Formalization of Mitigations





Hazard Identification	Hazard Description	Causes	Consequences cause analysis	•	Mitigations
OH 01	Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for receivingATSU	(ATC ADSP failure, Voice	Near Mid Air Collision (MF3a)	Increase of workload;  Decrease of situational awareness	Training for ATCOs covers all operations (normal and abnormal conditions);  Systems redundancy  SAL assigned to all services  Training for ATSEP
OH 02	Loss of Service prevents controller from managing one or many aircraft for both delegating and receiving ATSUs	(ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure)			Recurrent Training for all the technical and operational staff License for ATSEPs of the ADSP for the technical systems they are operating  Coordination and synchronization messages exchange between ATSUs
OH 06	receiving/ both	corrupted (Data corrupted by ATC ADSP; Data corrupted by Voice ADSP) ADSP Failure			





Hazard Identification	Hazard Description	Causes	Consequences cause analysis	•	Mitigations
		Technical Personnel Error (Erroneous data input by operator) / Lack of training			
OH 03	Loss of Service results in "Service Loss (one/two workstation/s) for receivingATSU", i.e. data and or functions not available or not behaving correctly preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to safely manage traffic.		Imminent Infringement (MF5.9)		
OH 04		(ATC ADSP failure, Voice ADSP failure) Infrastructure failure Maintenance Error			





Hazard Identification	Hazard Description	Causes	Consequences cause analysis	Mitigations
	safely manage traffic.			
OH 05	receiving/ both delegating and receivingATSU" preventing the controller to have access to all functionality required to	corrupted (Data corrupted by ATC ADSP; Data corrupted by Voice ADSP)		

Table 1515151515. List of mitigations to reduce likelihood of hazards

The Reliability Requirements defined in the TS/IRS [16] are applicable for addressing internal system failures.

# C.2 Deriving TSRD from the TSSR (functionality&performance) for protective mitigation

Within the Safety Assessment conducted for V3 PJ.10-W2-93 [9], SRD (functionality&performance) from the SRS (functionality&performance) have been derived to provide mitigation against operational hazard effects (protective mitigation), with due consideration of the potential common cause failures that might affect the operational hazard causes and its protective mitigation.





In addition to these requirements, this document presents further requirements based on allocation of a Service Assurance Level (SAL) for all services done in accordance with the hazard identification and analysis made in the Appendix A and PJ.10-W2-93 V3 OSED Part II [9]. Loss of service is the failure mode when specific services are lost, it means that the overall capability to manage traffic has been lost. The loss of a specific service results in occurrence of specific hazards. The analysis made in the SAR reports the highest Severity Class for the identified hazards (i.e. MAC-SC2a, MAC-SC2b, MAC-SC3). The process for the allocation of the SAL has been defined:

- Taking into account current regulation and standards on assurance levels;
- Being in line with the SRM [2] approach (hazards identification, severity classes, etc.);
- Using, as relevant, existing tools, techniques and processes already defined in the SRM [2] (AIM, FHA, etc.)

In order to associate a SAL, the severity of the effect of the hazard given by the Severity Classification Schemes from SRM Guidance G.3 [3] has been used thereby leading to dedicated tables.

MAC-ER/TMA	Severity Class							
Likelihood of generating such an effect	MAC- SC1	MAC- SC2a	MAC- SC2b	MAC- SC3	MAC- SC4a	MAC- SC4b	MAC- SC5	No immediate effect on safety
Very Possible	SAL1	SAL3	SAL3	SAL3	SAL3	SAL4	SAL4	SAL5
Possible	SAL2	SAL3	SAL3	SAL3	SAL4	SAL4	SAL4	SAL5
Very Unlikely	SAL2	SAL3	SAL3	SAL4	SAL4	SAL4	SAL4	SAL5
Extremely Unlikely	SAL3	SAL3	SAL4	SAL4	SAL4	SAL4	SAL4	SAL5

Table 16161616. Service Assurance Level Allocation per Severity Class

In order to ensure the mitigation effectiveness, the following safety requirements have been introduced:

Technical Safety Requirement ID	Technical Safety Requirement at Design level <sup>2</sup> (TSRD)	Maps onto Enabler or Design Model Elements
TSSR-008	TSRD-012	SVC-015_Provision and Consumption of Arrival Sequence Management
TSSR-009	Coordination & Transfer Management service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	Service  CoordinationAndTransferManagement (PJ.32-WP3)





TSSR-008	TSRD-013	SVC-008_Provision and Consumption
TSSR-009	Flight Data Distribution & Management services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	of FlightDataDistribution Service in the context of Virtual Centres.
		SVC-009_Provision and Consumption of FlightDataManagement Service in the context of Virtual Centres
		FlightDataDistribution (PJ.32-WP3)
		FlightDataManagement (PJ.32-WP3)
TSSR-008 TSSR-009	TSRD-014 Surveillance service shall have Service	SVC-028_Provision and Consumption of Surveillance Data Distribution Service
	Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety	SurveillanceDataDistribution
	mitigation.	
TSSR-008 TSSR-009	TSRD-015	SVC-033_Provision and Consumption of Voice Comm Information Distribution Service
TSSR-010	Voice Communication Distribution & Management service shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	SVC-034_Provision and Consumption of Voice Comm Management Service
		VoiceCommManagement
		VoiceCommInformationDistribution
TSSR-008	TSRD-016  Correlation Distribution & Management services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL3 after safety mitigation.	SVC-016_Provision and Consumption of Correlation Distribution Service
TSSR-009		SVC-017_Provision and Consumption of Correlation Management Service
		CorrelationManagement
		CorrelationDistribution (PJ.32-WP3)
TSSR-008	TSRD-017	SVC-029_Provision and Consumption
TSSR-009	Monitor Aids, Operational Supervisor,	of Technical Supervision Distribution Service
TSSR-010	Secondary Surveillance Radar, Safety Nets, Technical Supervisor services shall have Service Assurance Level (SAL) SAL4 after safety mitigation.	SVC-020_Provision and Consumption
TSSR-011		of Monitoring Aids Distribution Service
TSSR-012		SVC-023_Provision and Consumption of Safety Net (SNET) Alert Distribution
TSSR-013		Service
TSSR-014		





TSSR-015		SVC-022_Provision and Consumption of Operational Configuration Management Service
		SVC-021_Provision and Consumption of Operational Configuration Distribution Service
		MonitoringAidsDistribution (PJ.32-WP3)
		SNETAlertDistribution
		OperationalConfigurationDistribution (PJ.10-93)
		OperationalConfigurationManagement (PJ.10-93)
		TechnicalSupervisionDistribution (PJ.32-WP3)
TSSR-008	TSRD-018	ER APP ATC 184_ATM Data Service
TSSR-009	All services shall be segregated to ensure continuity of other services in case of malfunction of one specific service.	Provider for ATC services in a Virtual Centre context
TSSR-010		ER APP ATC 185_ATM Data Service
TSSR-011		Provider for Voice services in a Virtual Centre context
TSSR-012		
TSSR-013		
TSSR-014		
TSSR-015		
TSSR-008	TSRD-019  All services shall have assigned a Service Assurance Level (SAL) to ensure proper Assurance Level of the service.	ER APP ATC 184_ATM Data Service
TSSR-009		Provider for ATC services in a Virtual Centre context
TSSR-010		ER APP ATC 185_ATM Data Service Provider for Voice services in a Virtual Centre context
TSSR-011		
TSSR-012		
TSSR-013		
TSSR-014		
TSSR-015		





TSSR-013	TSRD-020  The VCCI shall ensure that no corrupted data is provided to any communicating client.	Communication Infrastructure
TSSR-013	TSRD-021  The contract with the data providers shall ensure appropriate service availability, integrity, performance, security, etc	ER APP ATC 184_ATM Data Service Provider for ATC services in a Virtual Centre context ER APP ATC 185_ATM Data Service Provider for Voice services in a Virtual Centre context
TSSR-008	TSRD-022	Communication Infrastructure
TSSR-009	The communication service shall meet appropriate targets (KPIs) with regard to	
TSSR-010	site availability, service interruption per	
TSSR-011	site, network response time, packet delivery ratio, etc. to ensure that	
TSSR-012	(related) hazard safety requirements are met and the probability of their	
TSSR-013	occurrence is reduced as far as	
TSSR-014	practicable.	
TSSR-015		
TSSR-008	TSRD-023	Communication Infrastructure
TSSR-009	The AMQP or equivalent message framework shall be resilient towards	
TSSR-010	technical failure of the underlying	
TSSR-011	communication infrastructure, so that no transaction based messages, i.e. requests	
TSSR-012	are lost.	
TSSR-013		
TSSR-014		
TSSR-015		

Table 1717171717. TSRD for protective mitigation





## Appendix D Assumptions, Safety Issues & Limitations

#### D.1 Assumptions log

A set of assumptions have been developed for each VC service and documented in the TS-IRS Part I [16][16][17].

### D.2 Safety Issues log

No safety issues were identified during the assessment process.

### D.3 Operational Limitations log

No operational limitations were identified during the assessment process.





#### -END OF DOCUMENT-

